

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

As Of And For The Year Ended June 30, 2023



Prepared by: Finance Department
Ned Draper, Director Administration & Finance

June 30, 2023

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June 30, 2023

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Independent Auditors' Report

To the Member of the School Committee Chariho Regional School District

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Chariho Regional School District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business type activities each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud
 or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
 include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
 statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison schedule, the Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability-Employees' Retirement System (ERS), the Schedule of District's Contributions-Employees' Retirement System (ERS), the Schedule of Changes in the District's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios-Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS), and the Schedule of District's Contributions-Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS), and the Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios be presented to supplement the basic financial statements.

Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial

Chariho Regional School District Page 2

statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Chariho Regional School District's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the annual supplemental transparency report are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual non-major fund financial statements and the annual supplemental transparency report are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual non-major fund financial statements and the annual supplemental transparency report are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 4, 2023 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Hague, Sahady & Co., CPAs, P.C.

Fall River, Massachusetts December 4, 2023

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Our discussion and analysis of Chariho Regional School District's (the District) financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2023. The intent of the management discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole. Readers should also review the financial statements and notes to financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

CORONAVIRUS IMPACT

The District opened the 2022-2023 school year with full in-person learning. The District continues to operate under the guidelines of the novel coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic responses issued by the Rhode Island Department of Health (RIDOH) and the Rhode Island Department of Education (RIDE) which in turn follow the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) protocols.

The District continued its response to the pandemic in accordance with RIDE guidance and requirements. The facilities staff continued to follow the CDC's guidelines for additional cleaning and disinfecting of all school buildings. The traditional school lunch program continued to be suspended and replaced with federal "Summer Food Service" and "Emergency Operational Cost Reimbursement" programs providing all students with meals at no cost.

The District provided RIDE with its Back to School Plan that was required to align with the State plan. The plan is periodically updated as required by RIDE and as a condition for receiving Federal Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act ("CARES ACT") funding in response to the pandemic.

In addition, the District received the following grants in FY2023 related to pandemic responses:

The CARES Act ESSER II grant for \$253,269 to purchase RIDE mandated curriculum, technology equipment for students and facilities capital improvements related to air quality and school opening. ESSER II was fully spent in FY23. The CARES Act ESSER III grant for \$1,113,250 was used to meet federal performance and finance goals with a focus on academic achievement to overcome distance learning gaps in FY23. We anticipate ESSER III to be fully spent in FY 24.

Operational influences include:

- Provide lunches in classrooms or congregate settings when safe to do so
- Reduced health care utilization by employees due to healthcare system limitations
- Expansion of the federal school lunch program through FY2023
- Adjust to unforeseen labor shortages, supply chain disruptions, and resource constrictions as necessary
- Close schools to in-person learning if necessary due to RIDOH or staffing level requirements
- Reduce classroom and hallway building occupancy. Use windows for ventilation, move to HEPA filters when outside air temperature is too low for comfort of learning environment
- Train and equip custodial staff for CDC recommended cleaning processes
- School year 2022-2023 moved primarily to in-person learning and programs district wide
- In school year 2022-2023, students are no longer offered a DL option except in isolated instances or when district selected per RIDE requirements
- Adjust campus and district bus schedules to accommodate large volume of parent/students driving

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

to school on their own. In FY23 this has diminished to typical volumes as the pandemic restrictions have lifted.

- Lunch fund balance has grown during suspension of paid lunch program. Due to reimbursement levels we expect lunch fund balance to decrease in FY23 as inflation impact upon community gains traction.
- Revenues came in under expectations as neighboring communities realized declines in enrollment, this in turn negatively impacted overall CTC tuitions.
- Revenue for Categorical Transportation aid and Medicaid billing was below budgeted expectations.

Financial Highlights

- General Fund revenues were \$63.9 million in fiscal year 2023, compared to \$62.5 million in fiscal year 2022.
- The District had approximately \$69.1 million in expenses related to governmental activities; of which \$10.8 million of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services or grants and contributions. An increase from \$65.1 million in expenses from fiscal year 2022 of which \$13.1 million of expenses were offset by program specific charges for services or grants and contributions.
- The District had business-type activity in several major and non-major proprietary funds. The Lunch fund's operating and non-operating revenues totaled \$1.11 million and operating expenses totaled \$1.12 million (including depreciation of \$1,350) leaving net loss of \$12.7 thousand for 2023. Operating and non-operating revenues totaled \$1.6 million and operating expenses totaled \$1.2 million (including depreciation of \$1,030), leaving net income of \$390 thousand for 2022.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$63.9 million in fiscal year 2023 revenues compared to \$62.5 million in 2022, which primarily consisted of contributions from the Towns of Charlestown, Richmond, and Hopkinton, and \$64.3 million in expenditures (including transfers) in 2023 compared to \$64.0 million (including transfers) in 2022. The General Fund's fund balance decreased from \$8.4 million to \$7.9 million during fiscal 2023.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which are comprised of three components (1) Government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements and (3) notes to the financial statements.

This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves. The District's basic financial statements and other supplementary financial information provide information about all of the District's activities. They provide both a short-term and a long-term view of the District's financial health as well as information about activities for which the District acts solely as a trustee for the benefit of those outside of the District's government.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on the entire District's assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. The amount of net position is widely considered a good measure of the District's financial health as increases or decreases in the District's net position serves as a useful indicator of whether the financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of *the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will not result in cash flows until future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation and sick leave). The statement also presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District.

The Governmental Activities section is principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (federal and state grants.) The Business-Type Activities section is primarily supported by user fees or charges which are intended to recover all or a significant portion of the activities' costs.

The governmental activities of the District include broad functions of the general government, public safety, public works, community services and education. The business-type activity of the District is the School Lunch operation.

In the Statement of Activities, the operations of the District are presented in a format that reports the net of expenses and revenues of its individual functions – the objective being to report the relative burden of each of the District's functions to the taxpayers. Revenues offsetting related functional expenses are separated into three categories: charges for services, operating grants and contributions, and capital grants and contributions.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. They take into account all revenues recognized and expenses incurred even if the cash has not been received or paid.

District has financial accountability, but functions independent from the District. The entity operates as a government but is reported on the accrual basis of accounting, similar to a private sector business. Additional information about the District's component unit is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 16-17 of this report.

Fund financial statements. Traditional users of governmental fund financial statements will find the fund financial statement presentation to be the most familiar. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific projects, activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds, and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds. Most of the basic services provided by the District are financed through Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

government's near-term financing requirements. This approach is known as the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this approach, revenues are recorded when cash is received or susceptible to accrual (i.e. measurable and available to liquidate the liabilities of the current period.) Expenditures are generally recorded when liabilities are incurred except for those related to long-term liabilities, which are recorded when due and payable.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The District maintains approximately 67 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, which is considered to be a major fund. Data for the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

The District adopts an annual appropriation budget for its General Fund. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided for to demonstrate compliance with budgets and are presented on pages 69 of this report.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 18-21 of this report.

Proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are used to account for business-like activities provided to the general public (enterprise funds) or within the government (internal service funds). These activities are financed primarily by user charges and the measurement of financial activity focuses on net income measurement similar to the private sector. The economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting is used for Proprietary funds. The District uses an enterprise fund to account for its School Lunch operations.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 22-24 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 26-93 of this report.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* which presents schedules relating to the District's pension and other postemployment benefit plans, as well as budgetary comparison schedules for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with its respective budget. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 68 - 79 of this report. *Other supplementary information* which presents combining financial statements, tax collector's annual report and annual supplemental transparency report is also presented. Other supplementary information can be found on pages 80 - 112 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Governmental Activities

As noted earlier, net position over time, may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Chariho Regional School District, liabilities and deferred inflow of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflow of resources by \$15.1 million at June 30, 2023.

The results of operations as a whole are reported in the statement of net position. A summary of this statement for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 is as follows:

Condensed Statement of Activities - Governmental Activities

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023 and 2022

	Governmental Activities		Busines Activi		Total		
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Assets Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 48,325,778 24,726,465	\$ 23,822,537 26,897,548	\$ 793,710 7,922	\$ 829,622 9,272	\$ 49,119,488 24,734,387	\$ 24,652,159 26,906,820	
Total assets	73,052,243	50,720,085	801,632	838,894	73,853,875	51,558,979	
Deferred outflows of resources Refunding, Pension & OPEB							
related outflows	7,317,545	9,700,906		838,894	7,317,545	10,539,800	
Total deferred outflows of resources	7,317,545	9,700,906	-	838,894	7,317,545	10,539,800	
Liabilities Current liabilities Long-term liabilities	7,205,516 60,436,814	7,573,111 54,128,573	85,676	144,651	7,291,192 60,436,814	7,717,762 54,128,573	
Total liabilities	67,642,330	61,701,684	85,676	144,651	67,728,006	61,846,335	
Deferred inflows of resources Pension & OPEB related inflows	3,974,225	16,910,924			3,974,225	16,910,924	
Total deferred inflows of resources	3,974,225	16,910,924			3,974,225	16,910,924	
Net Position Investment in capital assets,							
Net investment in capital assets	7,713,786	8,198,219	7,922	9,272	7,721,708	8,207,491	
Restricted Unrestricted	11,199,935 (34,886,953)	6,076,197 (32,466,033)	708,034	684,971	11,199,935 (34,178,919)	6,076,197 (31,781,062)	
Total net position	\$ (15,973,232)	\$ (18,191,617)	\$ 715,956	\$ 694,243	\$(15,257,276)	\$ (17,497,374)	

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

The change in net position for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 was an increase of \$2,375,567 which included an increase from governmental activities of \$2. million and an increase in business-type activities of \$22 thousand.

	Changes in Net Position						
	Govern						
	Acti	vities	Activ	ities	Total		
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Revenues							
Program Revenues:							
Charges for service	\$ 3,339,789	\$ 3,390,781	\$ 689,096	\$ 97,183	\$ 4,028,885	\$ 3,487,964	
Operating grants & contributions	7,015,606	6,557,008	530,312	-	7,545,918	6,557,008	
Capital grants & contributions	511,526	-	-	1,592,522	511,526	1,592,522	
General Revenues:					-		
Town contributions	54,397,291	53,886,976	_	-	54,397,291	53,886,976	
Intergovernmental	2,675,665	3,084,147			2,675,665	3,084,147	
State contribution to teachers' pension plan	3,178,132	3,115,088			3,178,132	3,115,088	
Investment earnings	320,680	45,231	-	- V	320,680	45,231	
Miscellaneous income	42,798	66,467		-	42,798	66,467	
Total revenue	71,481,487	70,145,698	1,219,408	1,689,705	72,700,895	71,835,403	
Expenses							
Education services	65,633,047	61,343,269		_	65,633,047	61,343,269	
Unallocated depreciation	2,801,614	2,803,472	-	_	2,801,614	2,803,472	
Interest and amorization expense	828,441	906,732	-	_	828,441	906,732	
Lunch fund	-	-	1,128,579	1,219,010	1,128,579	1,219,010	
Non-major exterprise funds			69,116	84,369	69,116	84,369	
Total expenses	69,263,102	65,053,473	1,197,695	1,303,379	70,460,797	66,356,852	
Increase(decrease) in net position							
before transfers	2,218,385	5,092,225	21,713	386,326	2,240,098	5,478,551	
Other financing sources/uses Transfers			_	<u>-</u>	-	-	
Increase(decrease) in net position	2,218,385	5,092,225	21,713	386,326	2,240,098	5,478,551	
Net position, July 1, 2022	(18,191,617)	(23,283,842)	694,243	307,917	(17,497,374)	(22,975,925)	
Net position, June 30, 2023	\$ (15,973,233)	\$ (18,191,617)	\$ 715,956	\$ 694,243	\$ (15,257,276)	\$ (17,497,374)	
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Governmental activities reports the cost of program services, charges for services and the State, Federal, and private grants offsetting those services.

Total revenue increased by \$865 thousand, which was a 1.20% increase from last year. An increase in operating grants and investment earnings were the primary contributors to the overall increase in general revenues.

Total expenses have increased by \$4.0 million or a 5.98% increase. This is primarily due to an increase in cost of salaries and employee benefits.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Revenue Sources

<u>Local Contributions</u>: The largest percentage of revenues comes from contributions from the Towns of Charlestown, Richmond, and Hopkinton. Per the enabling legislation of the regional school District (The CHARIHO Act), "Operating expenses for each fiscal year or portion thereof shall be apportioned among the member towns in proportion to the relationship of their respective pupil enrollment in the said District school system on October 1 of the previous calendar year to the total pupil enrollment in the said school system on said date". The enrollment numbers for calculation of the apportionment for the last five years are as follows:

	FY2018-19	FY2019-20	FY2020-21	FY2021-22	FY2022-23
Charlestown	795	778	754	767	731
	23.37%	24.82%	24.61%	24.79%	24.30%
Richmond	1184	1179	1157	1171	1143
	37.79%	<i>37.61%</i>	37.76%	37.85%	38.00%
Hopkinton	1154	1178	1153	1156	1134
	36.83%	37.57%	37.63%	37.36%	<i>37.70%</i>
Total	3134	3136	3065	3095	3008

Housing Aid: In accordance with RI General Law 16-7-35 to 16-7-47, districts that undertake school housing projects for maintenance, renovation or new construction supported by general obligation bonds, and certain lease revenue bonds, capital leases, and capital reserve funds, are eligible for state housing aid reimbursement. Housing aid by law has a one year reference which results in the first payment of the construction entitlement being made in the fiscal year following the completion of the project. Housing aid received from the State in FY23 totaled \$511 thousand.

<u>Intergovernmental Grants</u>: Revenues in this category are proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. Revenues are derived principally from federal and state governments and private foundations. These funds are detailed in the financial statements under the caption of Grant Programs.

Expenditures By Function

The expenditures of governmental activities are categorized by function in the ten areas as listed below:

<u>Employee Compensation</u> - Amounts paid to District employees, including personnel substituting for those in permanent positions. This includes gross salary for services rendered while on the payroll of the District and other forms of compensation.

<u>Employee Benefits</u> - Amounts paid by the District on behalf of employees (amounts not included in gross salary but in addition to that amount). Such payments are fringe benefit payments and, although not paid directly to employees, nevertheless are part of the cost of personnel services.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

<u>Purchased Professional and Technical Services</u> - Services that by their nature can be performed only by persons or firms with specialized skills and knowledge. Although a product may or may not result from the transaction, the primary reason for the purchase is the service provided. Included are the services of architects, engineers, auditors, dentists, medical doctors, lawyers, consultants, teachers, and accountants. A separate account should be established for each type of service provided to the District.

<u>Purchased Property Services</u> - Services purchased to operate, repair, maintain, and rent property owned or used by the District. These services are performed by persons other than District employees. Although a product may or may not result from the transaction, the primary reason for the purchase is the service provided.

Other Purchased Services - Amounts paid for services rendered by organizations or professionals not on the payroll of the District (separate from Professional and Technical Services or Property Services). Although a product may or may not result from the transaction, the primary reason for the purchase is the service provided.

<u>Supplies</u> - Amounts paid for items that are consumed, are worn out, or have deteriorated through use or items that lose their identity through fabrication or incorporation into different or more complex units or substances.

<u>Capital Outlays</u> - Expenditures for acquiring capital assets, including land, existing buildings, existing infrastructure assets, and equipment.

<u>Debt Service and Miscellaneous</u> - Amounts paid for goods and services not otherwise classified above.

Other Items - Used to classify transactions that are not properly recorded as expenditures/expenses but require control and reporting by the District.

Contra Account - This series is used so that those dollars will not be uploaded to the data warehouse.

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of June 30, 2023, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$18.1 million. Approximately 25%, or \$4.4 million, constitutes committed and assigned fund balances, which the School Committee has designated for specific purposes. Approximately 15%, or \$2.6 million, constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the District's discretion. Approximately 42%, or \$7.5 million, is restricted by outside parties to be used for specific purposes. The remaining 19%, or \$3.4 million, is nonspendable, representing 1) amounts required to be maintained intact, 2) unexpendable inventory items, or 3) notes receivable that will not be collected in time to liquidate current obligations.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the District. As of June 30, 2023, the total fund balance of the General Fund was \$7.9 million of which \$2.6 million was unassigned. Unassigned fund balance represents approximately 12% of total General Fund revenues. Of the total fund balance, \$1.2 million was committed to meet fiscal year 2024 General Fund expenditures.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

The fund balance of the General Fund was decreased by \$451 thousand in fiscal year 2023.

Proprietary Fund. The District's School Lunch Enterprise Fund provides the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements for business-type activities, but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the School Lunch Fund at the end of the fiscal year amounted \$513 thousand. Unrestricted net position of the nonmajor proprietary funds at the end of the fiscal year amounts to \$203 thousand.

Unrestricted Fund Including Budgetary Highlights

Actual expenditures and other financing uses were less than budgeted amounts by \$1.2 million. Positive budget variances occurred in the Employee Compensation category (\$298 thousand primarily due to decrease in personnel costs), in the Purchased Services categories (\$844 thousand primarily due to lower than anticipated costs related to professional purchased services, conferences and workshops, other purchased technical services, maintenance and repairs, and rental expenditures), and the Supplies, Property, and Debt Service categories (\$125 thousand primarily due to savings in general supplies and property purchases).

These positive budget variances were further supported by better than expected results in the Rhode Island state aid revenue categories. The Governor recommended and the Rhode Island Legislature approved funding that was \$509 thousand more than the original Governor's recommended budget that is available for the Chariho budget development period per the CHARIHO Act (January through March).

The Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual is presented on page 69, following the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

As of June 30, 2023, the District's capital assets for its governmental activities was \$68.3 million less accumulated depreciation of \$44.1 million for a net capital assets total of \$24.7 million. These capital assets include land, buildings and building improvements, equipment and vehicles. Capital assets of the business-type activities include capital assets of \$129 thousand less accumulated depreciation of \$121 thousand for a net capital asset total of \$8 thousand. Details of the capital assets can be found in Note 5 to the financial statements.

Description	2023	2022
Governmental activities:		
Land	\$ 538,543	\$ 538,543
Buildings and improvements	20,802,646	22,994,241
Equipment	1,969,107	1,852,458
Land improvements	1,245,955	1,331,204
Vehicles	170,214	181,102
Total governmental activities	24,726,465	26,897,548
Business-type activities:		
Equipment, net	7,922	9,272
Total business-type activities	7,922	9,272
Capital assets, net	\$ 24,734,387	\$ 26,906,820

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Capital Reserve Fund

The District maintains a Capital Reserve Fund for costs incurred for capital projects. The RI law was changed in 1998 to allow Housing Aid reimbursement of non-bonded capital projects paid for out of the District's capital reserve Fund. However, the District must document that projects reimbursed under this provision of the law are indeed supported by properly constituted capital reserve funds. The District, therefore, maintains a separate fund for this specific purpose. The funds to support these projects come from contributions from participating Towns. See Pages 103 - 104 for details on these funds' activities.

Long-Term Debt

At June 30, 2023, the District had long-term liabilities, all related to governmental activities, totaling \$20.0 million which includes bonds and notes payable, bonds premiums, and compensated absences. Estimated amounts due within one year total \$1.8 million. In addition to these long-term debt obligations, the District also had long-term liabilities related to the estimated pollution remediation costs (\$64 thousand), the net pension liability (\$41.5 million), and the net OPEB obligation (\$658 thousand). All of these long-term obligations are recorded in the Government-wide Statement of Net Position. Details of the long-term debt obligations can be found in Notes 6, 7, 10, 12, and 14.

	2023	2022
Capital lease obligations	\$ 268,604	\$ 121,986
Accrued compensated absences	2,491,831	2,568,123
Bonds and bonds premiums	17,277,591	17,537,528
Other post-employment benefits liability (OPEB)	658,806	630,017
Net pension liability	41,513,213	34,023,624
Total Debt and Long-Term Obligations	\$ 62,210,045	\$ 54,881,278

Conditions Expected to Affect Future Operations

NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET (FY 2024)

- \$388,462 of the general fund's balance was appropriated for spending in the 2023-2024 budget.
- An additional \$1,680,273 was reassigned by the School Committee for the General Fund's fund balance for capital projects.
- In the aggregate budgeted member Town contributions to the District were funded at a 1.74% increase over prior year amounts after applying state aid.
- Funding in FY 24 has resulted in necessary resources to properly meet the recently ratified contract obligations to the certified teaching and support professionals bargaining units, and properly account for significant inflation impact to a variety of operating expenses.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Requests for Information

Chariho Regional School District designed this financial report to provide residents, taxpayers, parents, students, employees, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. Interested parties can request additional details by mail at the following address:

CHARIHO REGIONAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Director of Administration and Finance 455A Switch Road

Wood River Junction, RI 02894

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS INCLUDE:

Government-Wide Financial Statements

Fund Financial Statements:

- Governmental Funds
- Proprietary Funds

Statement of Net Position *June 30, 2023*

		vernmental Activities	Business-Typ Activities	pe		Total
Assets						
Current Assets		40 50 40 40				44.044.000
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	10,586,068	\$ 62	5,720	\$	11,211,788
Accounts receivable		902,886	2	0.562		902,886
Due from other governments Internal balances		1,576,016		0,563 7,427		1,606,579
Prepaid expenses		(137,427) 281,729	13	7,427		281,729
Total Current Assets		13,209,272	79	3,710	-	14,002,982
Noncurrent Assets						
Investments on deposit for sinking fund payments		6,707,181				6,707,181
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, including		0,707,101				0,707,181
capital assets not being depreciated		24,726,465		7,922		24,734,387
Lease asset		312,095		-		312,095
Claims deposit		3,370,765		- 1		3,370,765
Total Noncurrent Assets		35,116,506		7,922	>	35,124,428
Total Assets		48,325,778	80	1,632		49,127,410
Deferred Outflows of Resources			1			
Deferred outflows of resources - pension related		6,876,789				6,876,789
Deferred outflows of resources - Pension related Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB related		19,867		-		19,867
Deferred charge on refunding		420,889				420,889
						7,317,545
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	Ф. А	7,317,545	ф 90			
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	55,643,323	\$ 80	1,632	\$	56,444,955
Liabilities						
Current Liabilities		200 000		. ====		101
Accounts payable		399,889	8	1,738		481,627
Accrued expenses		4,832,928				4,832,928
Unearned revenue				3,938		3,938
Current portion of lease liability		114,210		-		114,210
Current portion of long-term liabilities Total Current Liabilities		1,858,489 7,205,516		5,676	-	1,858,489 7,291,192
		7,203,310		5,070		7,271,172
Noncurrent Liabilities						
Pollution remediation obligation		64,000		-		64,000
Net pension liability		41,513,213		-		41,513,213
OPEB liability		658,806		-		658,806
Lease liability, net of current portion		154,394		-		154,394
Long-term liabilities		18,046,401				18,046,401
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	-	60,436,814	•		-	60,436,814
Total Liabilities		67,642,330	8	5,676		67,728,006
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Deferred pension inflows		3,823,632		-		3,823,632
Deferred OPEB inflows		150,593		-		150,593
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		3,974,225		-		3,974,225
Net Position						
Net investment in capital assets		7,713,786		7,922		7,721,708
Restricted for debt service		11,199,935		-		11,199,935
Unrestricted		(34,886,953)	70	8,034		(34,178,919)
Total Net Position	\$	(15,973,232)	\$ 71	5,956	\$	(15,257,276)
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources						
and Net Position	\$	55,643,323	\$ 80	1,632	\$	56,444,955

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position			
Functions	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business Type Activities	Total	
Governmental Activities								
Educational services	\$ 65,633,047	\$ 3,339,789	\$ 7,015,606	\$ 511,526	\$ (54,766,125)	\$ -	\$ (54,766,125)	
Unallocated depreciation	2,801,614	-	-	-	(2,801,614)	-	(2,801,614)	
Interest and amortization expense	828,441				(828,441)		(828,441)	
Total governmental activities	\$ 69,263,102	\$ 3,339,789	\$ 7,015,606	\$ 511,526	(58,396,180)		(58,396,180)	
Business-type Activities					*			
Nonmajor enterprise funds	69,116	103,565			<u>-</u>	34,449	34,449	
School Lunch	1,128,579	585,531	530,312	-		(12,736)	(12,736)	
	\$ 1,197,695	\$ 689,096	\$ 530,312	\$ -	(58,396,180)	21,713	21,713	
	General revenue	S						
	Town contribu	tions, excludes a	mount for capital a	nd debt service	54,397,291	-	54,397,291	
	Intergovernme	ntal			2,675,665	-	2,675,665	
	State contribut	ion to teachers' p	ension plan		3,178,132	-	3,178,132	
	Investment ear	mings			320,680	-	320,680	
	Miscellaneous				42,798		42,798	
	Total general re	venues			60,614,566		60,614,566	
	Changes in net p	osition			2,218,385	21,713	118,989,033	
	Net position - be	ginning of year			(18,191,617)	694,243	(17,497,374)	
	Net position - en	d of year			\$ (15,973,233)	\$ 715,956	\$ 101,491,659	

Governmental Funds Balance Sheet June 30, 2023

	Ma	ajor Funds			
	Debt Service		— Non-Major	Total	
	General	Bond Sinking	Governmental	Governmental	
	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds	
Assets	¢ 7.007.007	¢.	Φ 2.250.061	ф. 10.50c.0c0	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,227,007	\$ - 6,707,181	\$ 3,359,061	\$ 10,586,068 6,707,181	
Restricted cash & cash equivalents Accounts receivable, net	902,886	0,707,181		902,886	
Due from other governments	74,170	-	1,501,846	1,576,016	
Due from other funds	1,412,446	-	47,422	1,459,868	
Claims deposit	3,370,765	-	47,422	3,370,765	
Prepaid items	104,537	_	177,192	281,729	
riepaid items	104,337		177,192	201,729	
Total assets	13,091,811	6,707,181	5,085,521	24,884,513	
Deferred Outflows of Resources					
None	_		_	_	
None					
Total deferred outflows of resources		_			
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	13,091,811	6,707,181	5,085,521	24,884,513	
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	288,006	-	111,883	399,889	
Accrued expenses	4,680,961	-	100,151	4,781,112	
Due to other funds	171,242	13,608	1,412,445	1,597,295	
Total liabilities	5,140,209	13,608	1,624,479	6,778,296	
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
None		<u>-</u> _		<u> </u>	
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	_	_	_	
Total adjerted tigtows of resources					
Fund Balances					
Nonspendable	3,475,302	-	177,192	3,652,494	
Restricted	-	6,693,573	853,868	7,547,441	
Committed	1,838,011	-	2,607,174	4,445,185	
Unassigned	2,638,289		(177,192)	2,461,097	
Total fund balance	7,951,602	6,693,573	3,461,042	18,106,217	
Total liabilities defenmed inflorms of management					
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balance	\$ 13,091,811	\$ 6,707,181	\$ 5,085,521	\$ 24,884,513	
-					

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position *June 30, 2023*

Total governmental fund balances	\$	18,106,217
Assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Capital assets, net of depreciation		24,726,465
Lease Asset		312,095
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and,		
therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds		(16,439,531)
Amortization of bond premiums and deferred charge on refunding debt		(552,639)
Accrued interest on long-term debt		(51,816)
Other changes in reporting of long-term assets and liabilities: Lease payable obligation Accrued compensated absences Pollution remediation obligation Net pension liability Deferred outflows of resources - pension Deferred inflows of resources - pension Net OPEB liability Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB	•	(268,604) (2,491,831) (64,000) (41,513,213) 6,876,789 (3,823,632) (658,806) 19,867 (150,593)
Net position of governmental activities	\$	(15,973,233)

Governmental Funds Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	N	Major Fund		
	Debt Service		Non-Major	Total
	General Fund	Bond Sinking Fund	Governmental Funds	Governmental Funds
Revenues	runu	<u> </u>	runus	Tunus
Contributions of participating towns	\$ 54,397,291	\$ -	\$ 816,564	\$ 55,213,855
Intergovernmental	2,512,965	· -	6,357,277	8,870,242
Tuition	3,339,789	-	-	3,339,789
Interest income	225,261	95,419		320,680
Contributions and donations	-	-	289,460	289,460
Miscellaneous	42,798	-		42,798
Non-public transportation offset	226,532	-	-	226,532
Intergovernmental pension contribution	3,178,132	-	-	3,178,132
Total revenue	63,922,768	95,419	7,463,301	71,481,488
Expenditures			•	
Employee compensation	34,541,869	-	1,321,490	35,863,359
Employee benefits	17,296,781	 	589,104	17,885,885
Purchased professional and technical services	1,776,927	_	744,011	2,520,938
Purchased property services	788,262	_	39,436	827,698
Other purchased services	7,875,636	-	91,473	7,967,109
Supplies	1,615,711	-	553,703	2,169,414
Miscellaneous	92,907	-	170,902	263,809
Capital Outlay	185,151	-	1,652,052	1,837,203
Debt Service:				
Principal	188,935	-	1,095,000	1,283,935
Interest	12,204		913,336	925,540
Total expenditures	64,374,383	<u>-</u>	7,170,507	71,544,890
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures				
before Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	(451,615)	95,419	292,794	(63,402)
Other financing sources (uses)		525 572		505 560
Transfers in Transfers out		535,563	(535,563)	535,563 (535,563)
Total Other financing sources (uses)	-	535,563	(535,563)	-
Net change in fund balance	(451,615)	630,982	(242,769)	(63,402)
Fund balance, beginning of the year	8,403,217	6,062,591	3,703,811	18,169,619
Fund balance, end of the year	\$ 7,951,602	\$ 6,693,573	\$ 3,461,042	\$ 18,106,217

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	(63,402)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period. Additions of capital assets Depreciation expense	Ω-	630,531 (2,801,614)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds and leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.		
Principal repayment of long-term debt		1,283,935
Amortization of bond premiums and deferred charge on refunding		(52,611)
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding long-term debt,		
whereas in governmental funds interest, is not reported until due.		11,849
Differences in reporting of right to use lease in accordance with GASB 87		45,826
Some expenses reported in the Statement Activites, such as compensated absences do not require the current financial resources and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds		
		76,292
The other postemployment benefit expense reported in the statement of activities requires the use of current financial resources and is not reported as an		
expenditure in the governmental funds		14,266
The difference in pension expense required by GASB Statement No. 68, reported in the statement of activities, and the pension expenditure, reported in the governmental funds,		
which requires the use of current financial resources		3,073,315
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	2,218,385

Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

	Business-Type Activities				
	Lunch Ent		n-Major terprise Funds	Total Enterprise Funds	
Assets	1		·		
Current assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	421,711	\$	204,009	\$ 625,720
Due from federal and state government		30,563		-	30,563
Due from other funds		137,572		-	137,572
Total current assets		589,846		204,009	 793,855
Non-current assets				\	
Capital assets, net		7,922		-	 7,922
Total non-current assets		7,922			 7,922
Total assets		597,768		204,009	 801,777
Liabilities					
Accounts payable		80,599		1,139	81,738
Unearned revenues		3,938		, -	3,938
Due to other funds		145			145
Total current liabilities		84,682		1,139	 85,821
Net position					
Net investment in capital assets		7,922		-	7,922
Unrestricted		505,164		202,870	 708,034
Total net position		513,086		202,870	715,956
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of					
resources and net position	\$	597,768	\$	204,009	\$ 801,777

Proprietary Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Business-type Activities				
	Lunch Fund	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Total Enterprise Funds		
Operating revenues					
Charges for services and fees Intergovernmental	\$ 585,55 530,3		\$ 689,096 530,312		
Total operating revenues	1,115,84	43 103,565	1,219,408		
Operating expenses		X	*		
Instructions		- 26,940	26,940		
Operations	1,127,22	29 40,133	1,167,362		
Fringe benefits		- 2,043	2,043		
Depreciation	1,33	50	1,350		
Total operating expenses	1,128,5	69,116	1,197,695		
Change in net position	(12,7%	36) 34,449	21,713		
Net position, July 1, 2022	525,82	22 168,421	694,243		
Net position, June 30, 2023	\$ 513,00	86 \$ 202,870	\$ 715,956		

Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Business-Type Activity				
	L	unch Fund Fund		Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		Total Enterprise Funds
Cash flows from operating activities Cash received from customers Payments to suppliers and employees Payments to other funds for services provided	\$	1,168,430 (1,151,387)	\$	103,565 (68,057)	\$	1,271,995 (1,219,444)
Total Nnet cash provided (used) by operating activities		17,043		35,508		52,551
Cash flows from non-capital finacing activities Advances (to) from other funds		(7,500)		(57,143)		(64,643)
Total cash flows from non-capital financing activities		(7,500)	2	(57,143)		(64,643)
Cash flows from capital and related finacing activities Acquisition and construction of capital assets Principal paid on loan Interest paid on loan		•		- - -		- - -
Total cash flows from capital and related financing activities		_				
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		9,543		(21,635)		(12,092)
Cash balances-beginning of the year		412,168		225,644		637,812
Cash balances-end of the year		421,711		204,009		625,720
Displayed as: Cash and cash equivalents	\$	421,711	\$	204,009	\$	625,720
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities Changes in net position Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	\$	(12,736)	\$	34,449	\$	21,713
Depreciation		1,350		-		1,350
Change in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses Increase (decrease) accounts payable		88,463 (24,155)		- 1,059 -		88,463 1,059 (24,155)
Increase (decrease) unearned revenue		(35,879)				(35,879)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	17,043	\$	35,508	\$	52,551

Notes to the Financial Statements *June 30, 2023*

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Chariho Regional School District (the District) conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The following notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of the District's basic financial statements.

Reporting Entity

The Chariho Regional School District was formed through enabling legislation of the State of Rhode Island for the purpose of operating elementary and secondary schools within the Towns of Charlestown, Richmond and Hopkinton. The District is governed by an elected School Committee.

As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these basic financial statements present the financial position and results of operations of the Chariho Regional School District.

In evaluating how to define the government for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34.* Under GASB Statement No. 61, a legally separate entity is required to be included as a component unit if it is fiscally dependent upon the primary government and there is a financial benefit or burden relationship present. The primary government is financially accountable if it appoints the voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) it is able to impose its will on that organization or (2) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. A potential component unit has a financial benefit or burden relationship with the primary government if, for example, any one of the following conditions exists:

- a. The primary government is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources.
- b. The primary government is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the obligation to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization.
- c. The primary government is obligated in some manner for the debt of the organization.

The financial statements do not include any component units.

Basis of Presentation

The accounts of the District are maintained on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions related to specific District functions or activities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts.

Notes to the Financial Statements *June 30, 2023*

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Government-wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds each of which is considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts which constitute its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the District or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual, governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- b. Total assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual, governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.
- c. Management may also designate a fund as major if it believes the fund is particularly important to the users of the financial statements.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

The funds of a financial reporting entity are described below:

General Fund

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the District and is always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds.

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are committed or restricted to expenditures for specific purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

Notes to the Financial Statements *June 30, 2023*

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are committed or restricted to expenditures for specific purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

Debt Service Funds

The Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned for the payment of principal and interest on long-term obligations of governmental funds.

Capital Project Funds

Capital Project Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

Permanent Funds

The Permanent Funds account for assets held by the District pursuant to trust agreements. The principal portion of this fund type must remain intact, but the earnings may be used to achieve the objectives of the fund.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds are used to account for business-like activities provided to the general public. These activities are financed primarily by user charges and the measurement of financial activity focuses on net income measurement similar to the private sector. Operating revenues of the Proprietary Funds consist of customer charges for uses and services and certain other miscellaneous revenues. All other revenues of the Proprietary Funds are considered non-operating sources of revenue. Proprietary Funds include Enterprise and Internal Service Funds. During the year ended June 30, 2023 the District maintained seven Enterprise Funds. The District does not have Internal Service Funds.

Fiduciary Funds

The District does not have Fiduciary Funds.

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund - The fund is the general operating fund of the School District and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Debt Service Fund – Debt Service Bond Sinking Fund is considered a major fund and is used to accumulate funds for the future retirement of the Qualified School Construction Bonds.

Notes to the Financial Statements *June 30, 2023*

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Proprietary Fund - The Lunch Fund accounts for the operations of the school breakfast and lunch program of the Chariho Regional School District. This fund did not meet the criteria for reporting as a major fund, however, management has elected to present the fund as major.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds – Grant programs including federal grants, state grants, and private grants. The District currently maintains sixty (60) special revenue funds.

Debt Service Fund – This fund includes the member District's Debt Service Fund.

Capital Project Funds – Capital projects include the capital project housing aid fund, capital projects member towns contribution fund and CALA capital project fund.

Proprietary Funds - These funds include night school remedial, adult education program, adult continuing education, athletics program, CTC programs and before school programs.

Measurement Focus

On the Government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities both governmental and business-type activities (proprietary funds) are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined in item (b) below.

In the fund financial statements, the current financial resources measurement focus (modified accrual) or the economic resources measurement focus (full accrual) is used as appropriate:

- a. All governmental funds utilize a current financial resources measurement focus. Only current financial assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- b. The proprietary fund utilizes an economic resources measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of net income, financial position and cash flows. All assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.

Notes to the Financial Statements *June 30, 2023*

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Basis of Accounting

In the Government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the full accrual basis of accounting. Under the full accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Proprietary funds also utilize the full accrual basis of accounting.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or within a reasonable time thereafter to pay current liabilities. The District has determined available to mean within 60 days. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for debt principal and interest and compensated absences which are recognized when due.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with the proprietary fund's principal operation. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds are charges for services provided in accordance with the fund's purpose. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds include the costs of providing the services, including administration and depreciation on capital assets. All other revenue and expense items not meeting these criteria are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the cash flow statement, all investments with original maturities of three months or less when purchased are considered to be cash equivalents.

Accounts Receivable

In the Government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include intergovernmental receivables, tuition and Medicaid reimbursements.

In the fund financial statements, receivables in governmental funds include revenue accruals such as grants and other similar intergovernmental revenues since they are usually both measurable and available. Non-exchange transactions collectible but not available are reported as unearned in the fund financial statements in accordance with modified accrual, but recognized as earned in the Government- wide financial statements in accordance with the accrual basis. Proprietary fund material receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivables are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable.

Notes to the Financial Statements *June 30, 2023*

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed in governmental funds.

Certain unexpended and unencumbered appropriations for incomplete projects are carried over to succeeding years. Such continuing appropriations are accounted for similar to encumbrances. Other unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end.

Investments

The District may invest in various types of investments, which are stated at fair value. Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Realized and unrealized gains and losses are reported as investment income.

Compensated Absences

Under the terms of various contracts and policies, District employees are granted paid time off based on length of service. The District's policy is to recognize the cost of sick leave and personal days in governmental funds when paid and on the accrual basis in proprietary funds. The amount of earned but unpaid sick leave and personal days relating to governmental fund employees is recorded in long- term liabilities in the Government-wide financial statements.

Capital Assets

The accounting treatment over capital assets depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the Government-wide or fund financial statements.

Government-wide Statements

In the Government-wide financial statements, long-lived assets are accounted for as capital assets. All capital assets are valued at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated capital assets, which are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Historical cost was used to value the majority of the assets recorded.

Capital assets for capitalization are defined by the District, as assets with an initial individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year.

Notes to the Financial Statements *June 30, 2023*

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded, as an unallocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Buildings	10 - 50 years
Building improvements	10 - 15 years
Land improvements	15 years
Vehicles	5 - 7 years
Equipment	5 - 15 years

The District reviews the carrying value of its long-lived assets to ensure that any impairment issues are identified and appropriately reflected in the financial statements. Should the expected cash flows be less than the carrying value, an impairment loss would be recognized to reduce the carrying value. No impairment losses were recognized during the June 30, 2023 year-end.

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the Government-wide statements

Bond Premiums and Issuance Costs

In the governmental funds, bond premiums and issuance costs are treated as period costs in the year the bonds are issued. Bond issuance costs are included in debt service expenditures and bond premiums are reflected as other financing sources in the governmental funds financial statements.

In the Government-wide statement of net position, bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bond premiums are presented as an addition to the face amount of the bonds payable.

Notes to the Financial Statements *June 30, 2023*

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate section represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until that later date. At June 30, 2023 the District reported \$6,896,656 of deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB in the Government-wide statement of net position. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension and OPEB results from differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions or other inputs. This amount is deferred and included in pension/OPEB expense in a systematic and rational manner over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension and OPEB plans (active employees and inactive employees). At June 30, 2023 the District also reported \$420,889 of deferred outflows related to a deferred charge on refunding in the Government-wide statement of net position. The deferred charge on refunding is the unamortized balance of the difference between the carrying value of the refunded debt and the new debt. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or the refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate section represents the acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and therefore will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until a later date. At June 30, 2023 the District reported \$3,974,225 of deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB in the Government-wide statement of net position. The deferred inflow of resources related to pension and OPEB results from differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions or other inputs. This amount is deferred and will be recognized as an inflow of resources in the years in which the amounts become available.

Interfund Transactions

Interfund activity within and among the funds of the District have been classified and reported as follows:

Reciprocal interfund activities:

- Interfund loans are reported as interfund receivables in the lending fund and interfund payables in borrower funds.
- Interfund services are reported as revenues in the seller fund and as expenditures on expenses in the purchasing fund.

Non-reciprocal interfund activities:

- Interfund transfers are reported in governmental funds as other financing uses in the funds making transfers and as other financing sources in the funds receiving transfers. In proprietary funds, transfers are reported after nonoperating revenues and expenses.
- Interfund reimbursements are repayments from the fund responsible for particular expenditures or expenses to other funds that initially paid for them. Reimbursements are not displayed separately within the financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements *June 30, 2023*

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Non-reciprocal interfund activities:

- Interfund transfers are reported in governmental funds as other financing uses in the funds making transfers and as other financing sources in the funds receiving transfers. In proprietary funds, transfers are reported after nonoperating revenues and expenses.
- Interfund reimbursements are repayments from the fund responsible for particular expenditures or expenses to other funds that initially paid for them. Reimbursements are not displayed separately within the financial statements.

Net Position/Fund Balance

Government-wide Statements

Net position is classified and displayed in the following three components:

- (a) Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- (b) Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- (c) Unrestricted net position The remaining net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

Fund Statements

Fund balance is classified in the governmental funds in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. Fund balance is classified as non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned as described below:

- <u>Non-Spendable</u> the amount of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form or there is a legal or contractual requirement for the funds to remain intact. "Not in spendable form" includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash within one year.
- Restricted includes amounts that are restricted for specific purposes. Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Notes to the Financial Statements *June 30, 2023*

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Fund Statements (Continued)

- Committed includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit those amounts. The Chariho Regional School Committee is considered the highest decision- making authority and therefore imposes constraints by a formal action by vote. This constraint must be imposed prior to the year end, but the specific amount may be determined at a later date.
- <u>Assigned</u> the amount of fund balance that includes the portion of the spendable fund balance that
 reflects funds intended to be used by the government for specific purposes assigned by information
 operational planning. The assigned fund balance represents a plan for spending the amount, but it
 is not restricted or committed. The authority to assign fund balance is designated to the Chariho
 Regional School Committee.
- <u>Unassigned</u> the amount of fund balance that is in the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts that are not otherwise contained in the classifications listed above, and therefore, not subject to any constraints or intended use. Unassigned amounts are available for any purpose. These are current resources available for which there are no external or self-imposed limitations or set spending plan. Although there is generally no set spending plan for the unassigned portion, there is a need to maintain a certain funding level. Unassigned fund balance is commonly used for emergency expenditures not previously considered. In addition, the resources classified as unassigned can be used to cover expenditures for revenues not yet received. At the end of each year, the Director of Administration and Finance shall maintain an unassigned fund balance of a minimum of two percent (2%) and a maximum of four percent (4%) of general fund actual expenditures from the previous year. The School Committee shall strive to maintain an unassigned fund balance of three percent (3%) of general fund actual expenditures from the previous year.

The District maintains a spending policy in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. This policy states the District shall, when possible, expend funds beginning with those funds that have the highest level of restriction first, and will spend those funds with the lowest level of restriction last. It shall be the Director of Administration and Finance's responsibility to ensure the District's expenditures are appropriately classified based on the restrictions (both external and internal) of the revenue and fund balance(s) in accordance with the above policy.

Proprietary fund net position is classified the same as in the Government-wide statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements *June 30, 2023*

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Governmental Expenditures

In the fund financial statements, the operating expenditures are broken out into nine functional categories. Below is a description of these categories and related activity charged to them:

- Employee Compensation Amounts paid to District employees, including personnel substituting for those in permanent positions.
- Employee Benefits Amounts paid by the District on behalf of employees (amounts not included in gross salary but in addition to that amount). Such payments are fringe benefits and, although not paid directly to employees, nevertheless are part of the cost of personnel services.
- Purchased Professional and Technical Services Services that by their nature can be performed only
 by persons or firms with specialized skills and knowledge.
- Purchased Property Services Services purchased to operate, repair, maintain, and rent property
 owned or used by the District. These services are performed by persons other than District
 employees.
- Other Purchased Services Amounts paid for services rendered by organizations or professionals not on the payroll of the District (separate from professional and technical services or property services).
- Supplies Amounts paid for items that are consumed, are worn out, or have deteriorated through use or items that lose their identity through fabrication or incorporation into different or more complex units or substances.
- Capital Outlays Property Expenditures for acquiring capital assets, including land, existing buildings, existing infrastructure assets, and equipment. Amounts recorded here may not necessarily meet the definition for recording as a capital asset in the Government-wide financial statements.
- Miscellaneous Amounts for goods and services not otherwise classified into one of the above categories.
- Debt Service Amounts paid for the principal or interest on debt obligations.

Notes to the Financial Statements *June 30, 2023*

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Employees' Retirement System plan (ERS) and the additions to/deductions from ERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by ERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS) of Rhode Island and additions to/deductions from MERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Adoption of Accounting Standards

- GASB Statement No. 91 *Conduit Debt Obligations*, effective for the District's fiscal year ending June 30, 2023. This standard had no effect on the District's Financial Statements.
- GASB Statement No. 94 *Public-Private and Public-Private Partnerships and Availability Payment Agreements*, effective for the District's fiscal year ending June 30, 2023. This standard had no effect on the District's Financial Statements.
- GASB Statement No. 96 Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements ("SBITA"), effective for the District's fiscal year ending June 30, 2023. This standard had no effect on the District's Financial Statements.
- GASB Statement No. 99 *Omnibus 2023*, effective for the District's fiscal year ending June 30, 2023. This standard had no effect on the District's Financial Statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements *June 30, 2023*

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Recently Issued Accounting Standards

The following are recently issued governmental accounting standards which may be applicable in future years:

- GASB Statement No. 100 *Accounting for Changes and Error Corrections*, effective for the District's fiscal year ending June 30, 2024.
- GASB Statement No. 101 *Compensated Absences*, effective for the District's fiscal year ending June 30, 2025.

The impact of these pronouncements on the District's financial statements has not been determined.

2. Stewardship, Compliance, And Accountability

Budgetary information

The School District requires an annual budget for the General Fund. The practices used in preparation of the 2023 budget differ in certain respects from the presentation of the actual results of operations prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The actual results of operations, for purposes of the Statement of Revenues and Expenditures, Budget and Actual on a Budgetary Basis - General Fund, have been adjusted to a basis consistent with the School District's budget for 2023.

Amendments to the operating budget that do not result in additional appropriations may be made by means of a transfer. The Director of Administration and Finance has authority to make such transfers within departments as well as any transfers up to \$1,500. Transfers over \$1,500 must be approved by the School Committee.

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of the formal budgetary process.

Encumbrances outstanding at year-end represent the estimated amount of expenditures ultimately to result if outstanding purchase orders at year-end are filled and if contracts in progress at year-end are completed. For GAAP purposes, encumbrances outstanding at year-end do not constitute expenditures or liabilities and, therefore, are presented in the combined financial statements as a component of assigned fund equity.

Notes to the Financial Statements *June 30, 2023*

2. Stewardship, Compliance, And Accountability (continued)

Excess of expenditures over appropriations

During the current fiscal year, the District total general fund expenditures did not exceed appropriations. The District did have certain operating deficits during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, however, the District had no funds with cumulative deficits as of June 30, 2023.

	_		F	und Balance as of
	Ope	rating Deficits		6/30/2023
Governmental Funds:				
Capital Projects Funds				
Capital Projects Member Towns Contribution	\$	(278,408)	\$	1,244,403
Debt Service Funds				
Member Towns Debt Service Fund		(94,765)		41,809
Special Revenue Funds				
CTC Categorical Even Year		(136,551)		93,000
Categorical Funding		(116,261)		20,267
Champlin Foundation		(23,350)		880
Rotary Club	*	(321)		6,359
American Council Internationl Travel		(2,290)		115
School Building Authority Capital		(7,323)		14,863
Total - Governmental Funds	\$	(659,269)	\$	1,421,696
D 14 D 1				
Proprietary Funds:				
Non-Major Proprietary Funds:				
Night School Remedial	\$	(2,756)	\$	29,441
CTC Program		(531)	_	27,418
Total - Proprietary Funds	\$	(3,287)	\$	56,859

Notes to the Financial Statements *June 30, 2023*

3. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Deposits

The District deposits are in various financial institutions and are carried at cost, which approximate fair value. The carrying amount of deposits is separately displayed on the balance sheet as "Cash and cash equivalents" and includes \$1,000 of petty cash.

At June 30, 2023 the District carrying amount of deposits was \$11,211,788 and the bank balance was \$11,996,569. Of the balance, \$7,101,229 was covered by Federal Depository Insurance (FDIC).

	Governmental	Proprietary	
	Funds	Funds	Total
Insured (FDIC)	\$ 7,101,229	\$ -	\$ 7,101,229
Collateralized with securities held by pledging			
financial institution's agent in the School District's			
name	4,269,620	625,720	4,895,340
Total	\$ 11,370,849	\$ 625,720	\$ 11,996,569

Custodial and Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District tries to limit its custodial risk by depositing cash in several banks all of whose accounts are covered by FDIC insurance.

4. Investments

The District follows the guidance for fair value measurements and disclosures in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, an accounting standard adopted by the District in the current year.

In determining fair value, the District uses various valuation approaches, as appropriate in the circumstances. GASB Statement No. 72 establishes a fair value hierarchy for inputs used in measuring fair value that maximizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs by requiring that the most observable inputs be used when available. The fair value hierarchy is categorized into three levels based on the inputs as follows:

Level 1 – Unadjusted quoted priced in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 – Inputs other than quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities that are observable either directly or indirectly for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3 – Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability (supported by little or no market activity). Level 3 inputs include management's own assumption about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability (including assumptions about risk).

Notes to the Financial Statements *June 30, 2023*

4. Investments (continued)

The following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for assets and liabilities measured at fair value:

Mutual funds: Valued at the daily closing price as reported by the fund. Mutual funds held by the District are openended mutual funds that are registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. These funds are required to publish their daily net asset value (NAV) and to transact at that price. The mutual funds held by the District are deemed to be actively traded.

The District has established legal restrictions as to the types of investments that may be held by the District. The District may invest in U.S. Treasury Bills, Short-term obligations of U.S. Government agencies, Federally Insured or collateralized certificates of deposit, Repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities, State investment pools and Money Market mutual funds whose portfolios consist of U.S. Government securities.

The following table summarizes the investments of the District, at fair value, as of June 30, 2023:

	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Total
Investments by fair value level: Mutual Fund - First American Government Obligation Fund Class V	\$ 6,707,181	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ -	\$ 6,707,181

The average rating comprising the mutual fund above as determined by Standard & Poor's is AAA.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits and Investments. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The collateralization of certificates of deposit or repurchase agreements must be in an amount of at least 102% of fair market value to the amount of the deposit is the District's investment policy for custodial credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. It is the policy of the District to limit the length of its investment maturities in order to manage the exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk. Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of a debt type investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized rating organization. U.S. Government securities or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. Government are not considered to have credit risk exposure.

Concentration of Credit Risk. The District places the following limits on the maximum percent of portfolio it may invest in any one specific instrument: the portfolio shall at all times comprise of at least three separate investment instruments; with no one instrument holding more than 50% of total fund principal. Furthermore,

Notes to the Financial Statements *June 30, 2023*

at least 30% of the invested funds shall be in instruments that can be redeemed by the District on demand within one day.

5. Capital Assets

A summary of capital asset activity during the year ended June 30, 2023 is as follows:



Notes to the Financial Statements *June 30, 2023*

Description	Beginning Balance	Additions	Dispositions	Ending Balance
	Dalalice	Additions	Dispositions	Dalance
Governmental Acitivites				
Capital assets, not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 538,543	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 538,543
Capital assets, being depreciated				
Buildings and improvements	60,089,598	327,633	-	60,417,231
Equipment	3,572,107	263,768	-	3,835,875
Land improvements	3,683,699	39,130	-	3,722,829
Vehicles	383,133			383,133
Total capital assets, being depreciated	67,728,537	630,531		68,359,068
Less accumulated depreciation for				
Buildings and improvements	37,095,357	2,519,228	-	39,614,585
Equipment	1,719,649	147,119	, '	1,866,768
Land improvements	2,352,495	124,379	1	2,476,874
Vehicles	202,031	10,888	.	212,919
Total accumulated depreciation	41,369,532	2,801,614		44,171,146
Total governmental capital assets, net	\$ 26,897,548	\$ (2,171,083)	\$ -	\$ 24,726,465
	D : :			E I
Description	Beginning Balance	Additions	Dispositions	Ending Balance
Description	Dalailce	Additions	Dispositions	Dalance
Business-type Acitivites				
Capital assets, being depreciated				
Equipment	\$ 129,722	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 129,722
Total capital assets, being depreciated	129,722			129,722
Less accumulated depreciation for				
Equipment	120,450	1,350	-	121,800
Total accumulated depreciation	120,450	1,350	_	121,800
Total business-type capital assets, net	\$ 9,272	\$ (1,350)	\$ -	\$ 7,922
Depreciation by function:				
Description	Balance			
Governmental Activities	Darance			
Unallocated	\$ 2,801,614			
Business-Type Activities				
School Lunch	\$ 1,350			

6. Right to Use Assets – GASB 87

As described in Note 1, lease changes were incorporated into the District's fiscal year 2022 financial

Notes to the Financial Statements *June 30, 2023*

Total

statements and did not have an effect on opening net position. The District has entered into various leases as a lessee for office equipment with maturity dates through fiscal year 2026.

Year Ending	
2024	\$ 114,210
2025	88,783
2026	 65,611

268,604

Notes to the Financial Statements *June 30, 2023*

7. Long-term Liabilities

	Date of Issue	Amount Issued	Interest Rate	Maturity Date	Balance Outstanding 6/30/2022	Additions	Retirements	Balance Outstanding 6/30/2023	Due Within One Year
Bonds Payable:									
\$4.8M QSCB Construction Revenue Bond	6/15/2010	\$4,812,000	0.46%	5/15/2027	\$ 4,812,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,812,000	\$ -
\$3.8M QSCB Construction Revenue Bond	12/2/2010	\$3,757,000	0.73%	5/15/2027	3,757,000	-	-	3,757,000	-
\$4.975M RIHEBC Revenue Bond	11/16/2017	\$4,975,000	2.50%-5%	5/15/2027	3,040,000	_	560,000	2,480,000	580,000
\$6.345M RIHEBC Refunding Revenue Bond	11/16/2017	\$6,345,000	3%-5%	5/15/2031	5,835,000	_	535,000	5,300,000	565,000
Total Bonds Payable					17,444,000	-	1,095,000	16,349,000	1,145,000
Bond Premiums:	11/16/2017	\$614,219	N/A	5/15/2027	307,109	-	61,422	245,687	_
	11/16/2017	\$1,036,649	N/A	5/15/2031	666,419	-	74,046	592,373	-
Total Bond Premiums				-	973,528		135,468	838,060	
Compensated Absences:					2,568,123	2,486,234	2,562,526	2,491,831	622,958
				•					
Note Payable Obligation:	8/1/2019	\$92,272	7.09%	8/1/2023	23,824	-	23,824	-	-
	8/5/2019	\$307,999	3.59%	8/5/2023	78,309	-	78,309	-	-
	7/5/2020	\$228,046	2.84%	7/5/2023	113,979	-	56,191	57,788	57,788
	8/1/2020	\$126,994	6.75%	8/1/2023	63,354	-	30,611	32,743	32,743
Total Note Payable		7		•	279,466		188,935	90,531	90,531
				-					
Total Long-Term Debt				=	\$ 21,265,117	\$ 2,486,234	\$ 3,981,929	\$19,769,422	\$ 1,858,489

Notes to the Financial Statements *June 30, 2023*

7. Long-term Liabilities (continued)

Total interest expense paid on long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2023 was approximately \$1,000,000. The District has been approved for housing aid reimbursement on the principal and interest, on all construction revenue bonds issued, throughout the life of the bonds.

The proceeds from the bonds were used to finance the acquisition, construction, furnishing and equipping of schools and school facilities, including but not limited to various school renovation projects, and to pay the cost of issuance. The \$4,812,000 bond and \$3,757,000 bond requires sinking fund deposits to be held on deposit by the trustee and will be paid to the bondholders in full in May 2027 for both bonds. The sum of the two bons is \$6,426,756. As of June 30, 2023 the balance held in the bond sinking fund totaled \$6,707,181.

Debt Maturity

The Sinking Fund principal deposits and annual interest payments required on the \$4,812,000 and \$3,757,000 Revenue bonds are as follows:

					Deposit t	o Sinking Fund	
Year Ended June 30,	Principal Principal		Int	Interest		as of June 30, 2023	
2012	\$	300,750	\$	22,134	\$	300,750	
2013		300,750		22,134		300,750	
2014		300,750		22,134		300,750	
2015		300,750		22,134		300,750	
2016		300,750		22,134		300,750	
2017		300,750		22,134		300,750	
2018		300,750		22,134		300,750	
2019		300,750		22,134		300,750	
2020		300,750		22,134		300,750	
2021		300,750		22,134		300,750	
2022		300,750		22,134		300,750	
2023		300,750		22,134		300,750	
2024		300,750		22,134			
2025		300,750		22,134			
2026		300,750		22,134			
2027		300,750		22,134			
Total	\$	4,812,000	\$	354,144	\$	3,609,000	

Notes to the Financial Statements *June 30, 2023*

7. Long-term Liabilities (continued)

Debt Maturity (continued)

Year Ended June 30,	Principal		Interest		Deposit to Sinking Fund as of June 30, 2023		
2012	\$	234,813	\$	27,275	\$	234,813	
2013		234,813		27,275		234,813	
2014		234,813		27,275		234,813	
2015		234,813		27,275		234,813	
2016		234,813		27,275		234,813	
2017		234,813		27,275	Y	234,813	
2018		234,813		27,275		234,813	
2019		234,813		27,275		234,813	
2020		234,812		27,275		234,813	
2021		234,812		27,275		234,813	
2022		234,812		27,275		234,813	
2023		234,812		27,275		234,813	
2024		234,812		27,275			
2025		234,812		27,275			
2026		234,812		27,275			
2027		234,812		27,275			
Total	\$	3,757,000	\$	436,400	\$	2,817,756	

The future maturities of bonds and notes outstanding for years subsequent to June 30, 2023 are as follows:

Year I	Year Ended June 30, Principal			Interest	
	2024		\$ 1,235,531	\$	406,406
	2025		1,190,000		352,234
	2026		1,240,000		306,459
	2027	**	9,874,000	**	244,459
	2028		675,000		129,800
	2029-2031	_	2,225,000		187,850
	Total	_	\$ 16,439,531	\$	1,627,208

^{**} The year ending June 30, 2027 includes the full payment of the QSCB Revenue Bonds totaling \$8,569,000. The annual principal payments on these QSCB Revenue Bonds have been placed in a Sinking Fund commencing with the 2012 payments. Total amounts expected to be placed in the Sinking Fund through the year ending June 30, 2026 are \$8,033,438. Therefore the principal debt service payment on these QSCB Revenue Bonds required from operations for 2027 will be \$535,563 with the remaining amount paid from the Sinking Fund deposits.

Notes to the Financial Statements *June 30, 2023*

8. Interfund Activity

The District had interfund transfers totaling \$535,563 during the year ended June 30, 2023. The composition of these interfund transfers was as follows:

	Tr	ansfer In	Transfer Out		
Debt Service Bond Sinking Fund Member Towns - Debt Service Fund	\$	535,563	\$ - 535,563		
Total	\$	535,563	\$ 535,563		

Interfund balances represent short-term advances from one fund to another fund. The advances may represent balances resulting from operating advances or simply be the result of pooling of financial resources to maximize investment income. The composition of interfund balances at June 30, 2023 was as follows:

	Due from			Due To
	Other Funds			ther Funds
General Fund	\$	1,412,446	\$	171,242
Debt Service Bond Sinking Fund		-		13,608
Non-Major Governmental Funds		47,422		1,412,445
Proprietary Funds		137,572		145
Total	\$	1,597,440	\$	1,597,440

9. Fund Balances

As stated in Note 1, Fund Balance may be classified as one of five categories: Non-Spendable, Restricted, Committed, Assigned, or Unassigned. See Note 1 for definitions of these five Fund Balance categories. The detail of the composition of the Non-Spendable, Restricted, and Committed Fund Balance at June 30, 2023 is as follows:

Nonspendable for	
Deposit held for health and dental benefits	\$ 3,370,765
Prepaid Expenses	281,729
Total nonspendable	\$ 3,652,494

The deposits held for health and dental benefits are maintained by WB Community Health and are not readily available as cash to the District. The deposits may be used to fund future self-insured health and dental claims should the monthly premiums not be sufficient to cover the actual claims incurred. As a result, these deposits net of the estimated IBNR claims payable are considered to be non- spendable fund balance as of June 30, 2023.

Notes to the Financial Statements *June 30, 2023*

9. Fund Balances (continued)

At June 30, 2023 restricted fund balance consisted of the following:

Restricted for

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Bond sinking fund requirements	6,693,573
Restricted for future debt service - Member Town Fund	41,809
Title I	270
Race to the Top Early Learning Challenge	127
RI Department of Human Services Rising Stars	141
Student Activities	228,280
Categorial	343,949
RI Foundation	8,539
RI Foundation SPARK Grant	676
RI Foundation Professional Development	40
RI State Arts Council	852
Commuity 2000 Foundation	10,844
AMGEN Grant	244
Gen Youth Foundation	884
Westerly Credit Union	21
Clark Foundation	4,062
Champlin Foundation	880
Rotary Club	6,359
NAESP Crayola	1,548
Providence Engineering Society Robotics	500
National FFA Foundation	233
Lovett Foundation	198
Donations - Field Trips	9,998
Donations - Private	64,909
Donations - Development	5,030
Family Education Programs	1,374
School Building Authority Capital	14,863
American Council International Travel	115
Pandemic EBT Local	5,024
RI DEM	59,049
USDA Equipment	5,000
Various Educational Programs	78
RYSE Capital Project	37,972
Total restricted	\$ 7,547,441
	- ',50 17,111

Notes to the Financial Statements *June 30, 2023*

9. Fund Balances (continued)

Committed

Re-appropriate to fiscal 2023-2024 operating budget	1,288,011 *
COVID-19 related expenses	125,000
Funding for Necessity for School Construction	200,000
Potential contigencies	225,000
Capital projects awarded but not completed -	
Member Town Contribution Fund	1,244,403
Capital projects awarded but not completed -	
Capital Projects Housing Aid Fund	1,362,771
Total committed	\$ 4,445,185

^{* \$877,725} will be requested to be related from WB health Claims deposit.

At June 30, 2023, the District's unassigned fund balance was \$2,461,097 (\$2,638,289 related to the general fund), which falls within the District's target, per its fund balance policy, of 2% to 4% of the general fund's actual expenditures from the previous year.

10. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

(a) Employees' Retirement System (ERS) - Teachers

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description - Certain employees of the Chariho Regional School District participate in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan - the Employees' Retirement System (ERS) plan - administered by the Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island (System). Under a cost-sharing plan, pension obligations for employees of all employers are pooled and plan assets are available to pay the benefits of the employees of any participating employer providing pension benefits through the plan, regardless of the status of the employers' payment of its pension obligation to the plan. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries.

The System issues a publicly available report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plans. The report may be obtained at http://www.ersri.org.

Benefit Provisions - The level of benefits provided to participants is established by Chapter 36-10 of the General Laws, which is subject to amendment by the General Assembly. Member benefit provisions vary based on service credits accumulated at dates specified in various amendments to the General Laws outlining minimum retirement age, benefit accrual rates and maximum benefit provisions. In general, members accumulate service credits for each year of service subject to maximum benefit accruals of 80% or 75%. For those hired after June 30, 2012, the benefit accrual rate is 1% per year with a maximum benefit accrual of 40%. Members eligible to retire at September 30, 2009 may retire with 10 years of service at age 60 or after 28 years of service at any age. The retirement eligibility age increases proportionately for other members reflecting years of service and other factors until it aligns with the Social Security Normal Retirement Age, which applies to any member with less than 5 years of service as of July 1, 2012. Members are vested after 5 years of service.

Notes to the Financial Statements *June 30, 2023*

10. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

The plan provides for survivor's benefits for service-connected death and certain lump sum death benefits. Joint and survivor benefit provision options are available to members.

Cost of living adjustments are provided but are currently suspended until the collective plans administered by ERSRI reach a funded status of 80%. Until the plans reach an 80% funded status, interim cost of living adjustments are provided at four-year intervals commencing with the plan year ending June 30, 2016.

The plan also provides nonservice-connected disability benefits after five years of service and service-connected disability benefits with no minimum service requirement.

Contributions - The funding policy, as set forth in the General Laws, section 16-16-22, provides for actuarially determined periodic contributions to the plan. For fiscal 2023, Chariho Regional School District teachers were required to contribute 3.75% of their annual covered salary, except for teachers with twenty or more years of service as of June 30, 2012 must contribute 11% of their annual covered salary. The state and the Chariho Regional School District are required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate, 40% of which is to be paid by the state and the remaining 60% is to be paid by the Chariho Regional School District; the rates were 11.12% and 15.04% of annual covered payroll for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 for the state and the Chariho Regional School District, respectively. The Chariho Regional School District contributed \$4,499,334, \$4,163,742 and \$4,177,221 for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively, equal to 100% of the required contributions for each year. The State's share of contribution for fiscal 2023 was \$3,178,132 and is reported as on-behalf payments and included in both revenue and expenditures on the financial statements.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

At June 30, 2023, the Chariho Regional School District reported a liability of \$39,064,752 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for contributions made by the state. The amount recognized by the Chariho Regional School District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the Chariho Regional School District were as follows:

District proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 39,064,752
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the Chariho Regional School District	28,891,128
Total net pension liability	\$ 67,955,880

Notes to the Financial Statements *June 30, 2023*

10. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, the measurement date, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021 rolled forward to June 30, 2022. The Chariho Regional School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Chariho Regional School District's long- term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers and the state, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2022 the Chariho Regional School District's proportion was 1.44%.

For the year ended June 30, 2023 the Chariho Regional School District recognized gross pension expense of \$1,534,429 and revenue of \$3,315,094 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2023 the Chariho Regional School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Defe	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows		
	of	Resources	of	Resources		
Differences between expected and						
actual experience	\$	578,592	\$	759,810		
Changes of assumptions		787,883		585,685		
		*				
Net difference between projected	· ·					
and actual earnings on pension						
plan investments		-		817,386		
Changes in proportion and differences						
between System contributions and						
proportionate share contributions		393,162		1,096,043		
Contributions subsequent to the						
measurement date		4,449,334				
Total	\$	6,208,971	\$	3,258,924		
Net amount of deferred outflows and						
(inflows) excluding District contributions						
subsequent to measurement date			\$	(1,499,287)		

The \$4,449,334 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Chariho Regional School District contributions in fiscal year 2023 subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent period. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2024	\$ (695,741)
2025	(773,566)
2026	(1,180,366)
2027	1,147,575
2028	(15,034)
Thereafter	17,846
	\$ (1,499,287)

Notes to the Financial Statements *June 30, 2023*

10. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - The total pension liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.5%
Salary increases 3.0% to 13.0%
Investment rate of return 7.0%

Mortality – variants of the PUB (10) Tables for Healthy and Disabled Retirees projected with Scale Ultimate MP16.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation rolled forward to June 30, 2022 and the calculation of the total pension liability at June 30, 2022 were consistent with the results of an actuarial experience study performed as of June 30, 2019 for the six year period ended June 30, 2019 as approved by the System's Board on May 22, 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return best-estimate on pension plan investments was determined by the actuary using a building-block method. The actuary started by calculating best-estimate future expected real rates of return (expected returns net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class, based on a collective summary of capital market expectations from 40 sources. The June 30, 2022 expected arithmetic returns over the long-term (20 years) by asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset class	Target Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
GROWTH		
Global equity:		
U.S. Equity	24.30%	5.52%
International Developed Equity	11.10%	6.04%
Emerging Markets Equity	4.60%	7.83%
Sub-total	40.00%	
Private Growth		
Private Equity	12.50%	9.42%
Non-Core Real Estate	2.50%	4.80%
Sub-total	15.00%	
INCOME		
Equity Options	2.00%	5.25%
EMD (50/50 Blend)	2.00%	1.82%
Liquid Credit	3.00%	2.95%
Private Credit	3.00%	2.95%
Collateralized Loan Obligations (CLO)	2.00%	2.95%
Sub-total	12.00%	
STABILITY		
Crisis Protection Class		
Treasury Duration	5.00%	-0.44%
Systematic Trend	5.00%	3.33%
Sub-total	10.00%	
Inflation Protection		
Core Real Estate	4.00%	4.80%
Private Infrastructure	4.00%	5.65%
Sub-total	8.00%	
Volatility Protection		
IG Corp Credit	3.25%	1.18%
Securitized Credit	3.25%	1.18%
Absolute Return	6.50%	3.33%
Cash	2.00%	-0.32%
Sub-total	15.00%	
	100.00%	

Notes to the Financial Statements *June 30, 2023*

10. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

These return assumptions are then weighted by the target asset allocation percentage, factoring in correlation effects, to develop the overall long-term expected rate of return best-estimate on an arithmetic basis.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.0 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from the employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.0 percent as well as what the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1- percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate.

1.00	% Decrease	Current Discount		1.00	% Increase
	(6.0%)		Rate (7.0%)		(8.0%)
\$	49,009,941	\$	39,064,752	\$	30,028,428

Pension plan fiduciary net position - Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ERSRI financial report.

(b) Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS)

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description - The Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS) – an agent multiple- employer defined benefit pension plan - provides certain retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. MERS was established under Rhode Island General Law and placed under the management of the Employee's Retirement System of Rhode Island (ERSRI) Board to provide retirement allowances to employees of municipalities, housing authorities, water and sewer districts, and municipal police and fire persons that have elected to participate. Benefit provisions are subject to amendment by the General Assembly.

MERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. This report may be obtained accessing the ERSRI website at http://www.ersri.org.

Benefits Provided - General employees, police officers and firefighters employed by electing municipalities participate in MERS. Eligible employees become members at their date of employment. Anyone employed by a municipality at the time the municipality joins MERS may elect not to be covered. Elected officials may opt to be covered by MERS. Employees covered under another plan maintained by the municipality may not become members of MERS. Police officers and/or firefighters may be designated as such by the municipality, in which case the special contribution and benefit provisions described below will apply to them, or they may be designated as general employees with no special benefits. Members designated as police officers and/or firefighters are treated as belonging to a unit separate from the general employees, with separate contribution rates applicable.

Notes to the Financial Statements *June 30, 2023*

10. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

Salary – Salary includes the member's base earnings plus any payments under a regular longevity or incentive plan. Salary excludes overtime, unused sick and vacation leave, severance pay, and other extraordinary compensation. Certain amounts that are excluded from taxable wages, such as amounts sheltered under a Section 125 plan or amounts picked up by the employer under IRC Section 414(h), are not excluded from salary.

Service – Employees receive credit for service while a member. In addition, a member may purchase credit for certain periods by making an additional contribution to purchase the additional service. Special rules and limits govern the purchase of additional service and the contribution required.

Final Average Compensation (FAC) – Prior to July 1, 2012 and for general employee members eligible to retire as of June 30, 2012, the average was based on the member's highest three consecutive annual salaries. Effective July 1, 2012, the average was based on the member's highest five consecutive annual salaries. Once a member retires or is terminated, the applicable FAC will be the greater of the member's highest three year FAC as of July 1, 2012 or the five year FAC as of the retirement/termination date. Monthly benefits are based on one-twelfth of this amount.

General Employees

Members with less than five years of contributory service as of June 30, 2012 and members hired on or after that date are eligible for retirement on or after their Social Security normal retirement age (SSNRA).

Members who had at least five years of contributory service as of June 30, 2012 will be eligible for retirement at an individually determined age. This age is the result of interpolating between the member's prior Retirement Date, described below, and the retirement age applicable to members hired after June 30, 2012 as described above. The interpolation is based on service as of June 30, 2012 divided by projected service at the member's prior Retirement Date. The minimum retirement age is 59.

Members with 10 or more years of contributory service on June 30, 2012 may choose to retire at their prior Retirement Date if they continue to work and contribute until that date. If this option is elected, the retirement benefit will be calculated using the benefits accrued as of June 30, 2012, i.e., the member will accumulate no additional defined benefits after this date, but the benefit will be paid without any actuarial reduction.

Effective July 1, 2015, members will be eligible to retire with full benefits at the earlier of their current Rhode Island Retirement Security Act (RIRSA) date described above or upon the attainment of age 65 with 30 years of service, age 64 with 31 years of service, age 63 with 32 years of service.

A member who is within five years of reaching their retirement eligibility date and has 20 or more years of service, may elect to retire at any time with an actuarially reduced benefit.

Prior to July 1, 2012, members were eligible for retirement on or after age 58 if they had credit for 10 or more years of service, or at any age if they had credit for at least 30 years of service. Members eligible to retire before July 1, 2012 were not impacted by the changes to retirement eligibility above.

Notes to the Financial Statements *June 30, 2023*

10. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

The annual benefit is equal to 2.00% of the member's monthly FAC for each year of service prior to July 1, 2012 and 1.00% of the member's monthly FAC for each year of service from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2015. For all service after June 30, 2015, the annual benefit is equal to 1.0% per year unless the member had 20 or more years of service as of June 30, 2012 in which case the benefit accrual is 2.0% per year for service after June 30, 2015. The benefit cannot exceed 75% of the member's FAC. Benefits are paid monthly.

Other Benefit Provisions

Death and disability benefits are also provided to members. A member is eligible for a disability retirement provided he/she has credit for at least five years of service or if the disability is work-related. Members are not eligible for an ordinary disability benefit if they are eligible for unreduced retirement.

Joint and survivor benefit options are available to retirees. For some employees, a Social Security Option is also available where an annuity is paid at one amount prior to age 62, and at a reduced amount after age 62, designed to provide a level total income when combined with the member's age 62 Social Security benefit. Benefits cease upon the member's death.

Post-retirement benefit increases are paid to members who retire after June 30, 2012. Members will be eligible to receive cost of living increases at the later of the member's third anniversary of retirement and the month following their SSNRA. When a municipality elects coverage, it may elect either COLA C (covering only current and future active members and excluding members already retired) or COLA B (covering current retired members as well as current and future active members).

- a. The COLA will be suspended for any unit whose funding level is less than 80%; however, an interim COLA may be granted in four-year intervals while the COLA is suspended. The first interim COLA may begin January 1, 2018.
- b. Effective July 1, 2015, the COLA is determined based on 50% of the plan's five-year average investment rate of return less 5.5% limited to a range of 0.0% to 4.0%, plus 50% of the lesser of 3.0% or last year's CPI-U increase for a total maximum increase of 3.50%. Previously, it was the plan's five- year average investment rate of return less 5.5% limited to a range of 0.0% to 4.0%.
- c. The COLA will be limited to the first \$25,000 of the member's annual pension benefit. For retirees and beneficiaries who retired on or before July 1, 2015, years in which a COLA is payable based on the every fourth year provision described in (a) above will be limited to the first \$30,000. These limits will be indexed annually to increase in the same manner as COLAs, with the known values of \$27,184 for 2020, 27,608 for 2021 and \$27,901 for 2022.

Notes to the Financial Statements *June 30, 2023*

10. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued) Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At the June 30, 2022, valuation date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Retirees and Beneficiaries	83
Inactive, Nonretired Members	100
Active Members	153
Total	336

Contributions - The amount of employee and employer contributions have been established under Rhode Island General Law Chapter 45-21. General employees with less than 20 years of service as of June 30, 2012 are required to contribute 1% of their salaries. General employees with more than 20 years of service as of June 30, 2012 are required to contribute 8.25%. The Chariho Regional School District contributes at a rate of covered employee payroll as determined by an independent actuary on an annual basis. The General Assembly can amend the amount of these contribution requirements. The Chariho Regional School District contributed \$587,299 in the year ended June 30, 2023 which was 11.26% of annual covered payroll.

Net Pension Liability (Asset) - The total pension liability was determined by actuarial valuations performed as of June 30, 2021 and rolled forward to June 30, 2022, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement.

Summary of Actua	Summary of Actuarial Assumptions Used in the Valuations to determine the Net Pension Liability at the			
June 30, 2022 measu	rement date (June 30, 2021 valuation rolled forward to June 30, 2022)			
Actuarial Cost method	Entry Age Normal - the Individual Entry Age Actuarial Cost methodology is used.			
Amortization Method	Level Percent of Payroll – Closed			
Actuarial Assumptions:				
Investment Rate of return	7.00%			
Projected Salary Increases	General Employees - 3.25% to 7.25%			
Inflation	2.50%			
Mortaility	Mortality – Variants of the PUB (10) Tables for Healthy and Disabled Retirees, projected with Scale Ultimate MP16.			
Cost of Living Adjustment	All future COLAs were assumed to be 2.1% per annum for all MERS units with the COLA provision.			

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation rolled forward to June 30, 2022 and the calculation of the total pension liability at June 30, 2022 were consistent with the results of an actuarial experience study performed as of June 30, 2019 for the six years period ended June 30, 2019 as approved by the System's Board on May 22, 2020.

Notes to the Financial Statements *June 30, 2023*

10. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

The long-term expected rate of return best-estimate on pension plan investments was determined by the actuary using a building-block method. The actuary started by calculating best-estimate future expected real rates of return (expected returns net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class, based on a collective summary of capital market expectations from 40 sources. The June 30, 2022 expected arithmetic returns over the long-term (20 years) by asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset class	Target Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
GROWTH		
Global equity:		
U.S. Equity	24.30%	5.52%
International Developed Equity	11.10%	6.04%
Emerging Markets Equity	4.60%	7.83%
Sub-total	40.00%	
Private Growth		
Private Equity	12.50%	9.42%
Non-Core Real Estate	2.50%	4.80%
Sub-total	15.00%	
INCOME		
Equity Options	2.00%	5.25%
EMD (50/50 Blend)	2.00%	1.82%
Liquid Credit	3.00%	2.95%
Private Credit	3.00%	2.95%
Collateralized Loan Obligations (CLO)	2.00%	2.95%
Sub-total	12.00%	
STABILITY		
Crisis Protection Class		
Treasury Duration	5.00%	-0.44%
Systematic Trend	5.00%	3.33%
Sub-total	10.00%	
Inflation Protection		
Core Real Estate	4.00%	4.80%
Private Infrastructure	4.00%	5.65%
Sub-total	8.00%	
Volatility Protection		
IG Corp Credit	3.25%	1.18%
Securitized Credit	3.25%	1.18%
Absolute Return	6.50%	3.33%
Cash	2.00%	-0.32%
Sub-total	15.00%	
	100.00%	

Notes to the Financial Statements *June 30, 2023*

10. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

These return assumptions are then weighted by the target asset allocation percentage, factoring in correlation effects, to develop the overall long-term expected rate of return best-estimate on an arithmetic basis.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability of the plans was 7.0 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from the employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

	To	otal Pension Liability (a)	n Fiduciary et Position (b)	et Pension Liability (a) - (b)
Balance as of June 30, 2021	\$	26,581,288	\$ 26,427,918	\$ 153,370
Changes for the year:				
Service cost		429,876	-	429,876
Interest on total pension liability		1,826,485	-	1,826,485
Differences between expected and actual experience				
of the total pension liability		75,399	-	75,399
Changes in assumptions		-	-	-
Contributions - employer		-	614,872	(614,872)
Contributions - employee		-	144,300	(144,300)
Net investment income	>	-	(701,635)	701,635
Benefit payments, including employee refunds		(1,407,155)	(1,407,155)	-
Administrative expense		-	(23,919)	23,919
Other changes		-	3,051	(3,051)
Net changes		924,605	(1,370,486)	2,295,091
Balance as of June 30, 2022	\$	27,505,893	\$ 25,057,432	\$ 2,448,461

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the employers calculated using the discount rate of 7.0 percent, as well as what the employers' net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate.

	Current	
1% Decrease	Discount	1% Increase
(6.00%)	Rate (7.00%)	(8.00%)
\$ 5,056,192	\$ 2,448,461	\$ 79,305

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ERSRI financial report.

Notes to the Financial Statements *June 30, 2023*

10. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2023 the employer recognized pension income of \$52,826. The employer reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferr	ed Outflows	Defe	rred Inflows	
	of R	esources	of Resources		
Changes in assumptions	\$	80,519	\$	217,162	
Difference between expected and actual experience		-		108,049	
Net difference between projected a actual earnings on pension plan investments	nd		X	239,497	
Contributions subsequent to the					
measurement date		587,299			
1	\$	667,818	\$	564,708	
Net amount of deferred outflows an	nd				
(inflows) excluding contributions		>			
subsequent to measurement date			\$	(484,189)	

\$587,299 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Chariho Regional School District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent period.

Other Amounts reported as deferred outflow and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 3	30:	
2024	\$	(301,309)
2025		(288,265)
2026		(392,160)
2027		495,661
2028		1,884
	\$	(484,189)

Notes to the Financial Statements *June 30, 2023*

10. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

Summary of Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to All Pensions of the District

As required by GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and amendment of GASB Statement No. 34 the table below presents the aggregate amount of pension expense, pension liabilities (assets), and deferred inflows and outflows for the defined benefit plans of the Chariho Regional School District.

	MERS	ERS		
	General	Teachers		
	Plan	Plan	Total	
Deferred Outflows of Resources - Pension	\$ 667,818	\$ 6,208,971	\$ 6,876,789	
Deferred Inflows of Resources - Pension	564,708	3,258,924	3,823,632	
Net Pension Liability	2,448,461	39,064,752	41,513,213	
Pension Expense	52,826	3,315,094	3,367,920	
Total	\$ 3,733,813	\$51,847,741	\$ 55,581,554	

11. Defined Contribution Pension Plan

Defined Contribution Plan Description

Employees participating in the defined benefit plan with less than 20 years of service as of June 30, 2012 as described above, also participate in a defined contribution plan authorized by General Law Chapter 36-10.3 The defined contribution plan is established under IRS section 401(a) and is administered by TIAA-CREF. Employees may choose among various investment options available to plan participants. Employees contribute 5% of their annual covered salary and employers contribute between 1% and 1.5% of annual covered salary depending on the employee's total years of service as of July 1, 2012. Employee contributions are immediately vested while employer contributions and any investment earnings thereon are vested after three years of contributory service. Benefit terms and contributions required under the plan by both the employee and employer are established by the General Laws, which are subject to amendment by the General Assembly.

Amounts in the defined contribution plan are available to participants in accordance with Internal Revenue Service guidelines for such plans.

The Chariho Regional School District recognized pension expense of \$181,236 for certified staff and \$49,479 for municipal staff for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

The System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for plans administered by the system. The report may be obtained at http://www.ersri.org.

Notes to the Financial Statements *June 30, 2023*

12. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

Plan Description

In addition to the pension benefits described in Note 6 and 7, the District administers a single- employer, defined benefit Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan in accordance with the District teachers' contract, effective September 1, 2002. Under the provisions of the contract, any teacher who retires within the first three years of their eligibility to collect retirement benefits from the State's Teacher Retirement System will be entitled to the following District contributions toward the teacher's cost of health insurance: \$2,000 maximum per year for family plan coverage, and \$850 maximum per year for individual coverage. The District's obligation to these retirees shall continue until the retiree reaches age 65. The retiree may not receive benefits under the plan if covered by a spouse's family plan, but may opt to participate once coverage under a spouse's plan ceases. The plan may only be amended by the School Committee, subject to the terms of the teacher contract. Effective July 1, 2012, the School Committee elected to amend the stipend benefit subsidy.

The stipend subsidy for District teachers has been discontinued and current active teachers will no longer be eligible to elect the benefit with subsidy within the first three years of eligibility. Administrators are still eligible for the stipend benefit and monthly stipend amounts as defined above. Existing retirees currently receiving the stipend benefit will continue to receive this benefit until they reach age 65. The plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report since there are no assets legally segregated for the sole purpose of paying benefits under the plan.

Benefits Provide

Eligibility: Certified teachers and support staff are eligible for retiree health benefits until Medicare eligibility once they meet the retirement eligibility requirements under Rhode Island State Employees Retirement System (RI ERS) or Rhode Island Municipal Employees Retirement System (RI MERS).

RI ERS – Employees with less than five years of contributing service credit on June 30, 2012 may retire at the Social Security normal retirement age (not higher than 67). For employees with at least five years of contributing service credit on June 30, 2012, minimum retirement age is 62 with "proportional downward adjustment" toward an earlier retirement date based on years of service prior to July 1, 2012, but not earlier than 59. Employees with at least 10 years of contributing service credit on June 30, 2012 and members eligible to retire at September 30, 2009 may retire with 10 years of service at age 60 or after 28 years of service at

Notes to the Financial Statements *June 30, 2023*

12. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (continued)

any age, if they continue to work and contribute until that date. If they are within five years of reaching the Rhode Island Retirement Security Act (RIRSA) retirement eligibility date and have at least 20 years of service, they may retire at any time. Effective on July 1, 2015, employees are also eligible to retire upon attainment of age 65 with 30 years of service, age 64 with 31 years of service, age 63 with 32 years of service, or age 62 with at least 33 years of service. These are additional eligibility requirements, which means that if employees are eligible to retire under the current eligibility requirements, they may do so.

RI MERS – Employees eligible to retire as of July 1, 2012 are not impacted by the new eligibility requirements described below. Prior to July 1, 2012, members were eligible for retirement on or after age 58 if they had credit for 10 or more years of service, or at any age if they had credit for at least 30 years of service. For employees who are not eligible to retire as of July 1, 2012:

- a) Members with less than five years of contributing service credit on June 30, 2012 may retire at their Social Security normal retirement age.
- b) Members with at least five years of contributing service credit on June 30, 2012 may retire at an individually determined age, which is the result of interpolating the member's prior Retirement Date and the retirement age applicable to members hired after June 30, 2012.
- c) Members with at least ten years of contributing service credit on June 30, 2012 may retire at their prior Retirement Date if they continue to work and contribute until that date.

All members who are within five years of reaching their retirement eligibility date may retire at any time if they have at least 20 years of service. Effective on July 1, 2015, employees are also eligible to retire upon attainment of age 65 with 30 years of service, age 64 with 31 years of service, age 63 with 32 years of service, or age 62 with at least 33 years of service. These are additional eligibility requirements, which means that if employees are eligible to retire under the current eligibility requirements, they may do so.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of June 30, 2023, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	10
Inactive employees entitle to but not yet receiving benefit payments	-
Active employees	444
Total	454

Total OPEB Liability

The District's total OPEB liability of \$658,806 was measured as of June 30, 2023, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023.

Notes to the Financial Statements *June 30, 2023*

12. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Actuarial Valuation Date: July 1, 2022. Liabilities as of June 30, 2023 are based

on an actuarial valuation date of July 1, 2022 projected to June 30, 2023, reflecting actual premiums and updated discount rate. Liabilities as of June 30, 2022 are based on an actuarial valuation date of July, 1,

2022 with no adjustments.

Discount Rate: 4.13% as of June 30, 2023 and 4.09 as of June 30,

2022 for accouting disclosure purposes.

Payroll Growth: 3:00% (2.50% general inflation and 0.50% real wage inflation)

Inflation Rate: 2.50% per year

Cost Method: Entry age normal level % salary

Health Care Trend Rates: 7.0% for 2024, decreasing by 0.5% per year to an

ultimate rate of 4.0% for 2029 and later years.

Spouse Coverage: Spousal coverage for current retirees is based on actual

date. 70% of employees are assumed to be married at retirement. Husbands are assumed to be three years

older than wives

Mortality: MERS – SOA Pub-2020 General Headcount Weighted

Mortality Table fully generational using Scale MP-2021. RI ERS – SOA Pub-2010 Teachers Headcount Weighted Mortality Table fully generational using Scale MP-2021. Surviving Spouses – SOA Pub 2010 Contingent Survivor Headcount Weighted Mortality

Table fully generational using Scale MP-2021.

Notes to the Financial Statements *June 30, 2023*

12. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (continued)

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Changes in the total OPEB liability for the year ended June 30, 2023 consisted of the following:

Balance at June 30, 2022	\$ 630,017
Changes for the year:	
Service Cost	22,967
Interest	26,262
Change in assumptions	(1,540)
Differences between expected and actual experience	3,092
Benefit payments	(21,992)
Total Net changes	28,789
Balance at June 30, 2023	\$ 658,806
-	

Changes in assumptions reflect a change in the discount rate from 4.09% for fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 to 4.13% as of June 30, 2022.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (3.09%) or 1-percentage-point higher (5.09%) than the current discount rate:

			Curi	rent Health			
	19	1% Decrease Care Trend Rates			1%	Increasing	
(6.0% Decreasing			(7.0%	Decreasing	(8.0% Decreasing		
	to 3.5%)		to 4.5%		to 5.5%)		
Total OPEB Liability	\$	597,664	\$	658,806	\$	728,857	

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB Liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (6.5% decreasing to 3.5%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.5% decreasing to 5.5%) Than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Current						
	1% Decrease		Disc	count Rate	1% Increasing (5.13%)		
	(3.	13%)	(4.13%)				
Total OPEB Liability	\$	697,704	\$	658,806	\$	620,953	

Notes to the Financial Statements *June 30, 2023*

12. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (continued)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized OPEB income of \$14,266 in the Government-wide Statement of Activities. At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	I	Deferred		Deferred	
	(Outflow		Inflows	
	of	of Resources		of Resources	
Differencecs between expected and actual experience	\$	2,474	\$	109,688	
Changes in assumptions		17,393	, •	40,905	
Total	\$	19,867	\$	150,593	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

\$ (38,821)
(46,911)
(45,306)
 312
\$ (130,726)
\$

Fiscal year 2023 OPEB expense \$7,726.

Notes to the Financial Statements *June 30, 2023*

13. Risk Management

For its employer health insurance coverage, the District has chosen to participate in the Health Benefits Project provided by the WB Community Health, an independent, non-profit organization (the Collaborative). The District is also self-insured for dental insurance coverage through the Collaborative. Deposits made to the Collaborative are treated as expenditures when it is probable that a claim has been incurred, and include estimated amounts for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNR). Claim liabilities are calculated considering the effects of inflation, recent claim and health care trends, and other economic and social factors.

An analysis of claims activity is presented below:

			Cu	rrent Year				
	Ne	t Position	C	laims and			N	et Postion
	В	Balance at		Expenses,		ctual Plan	E	Balance at
	Begin	ning of Year	Including IBNR		Deposits		Year End	
June 30, 2023	\$	4,030,831	\$	7,658,581	\$	6,998,515	\$	3,370,765
June 30, 2022	\$	3,264,500	\$	5,564,915	\$	6,331,246	\$	4,030,831

The Plan is covered by excess loss insurance coverage to cover annual per person claims in excess of \$175,000.

Other types of insurance coverage purchased through private insurers are as follows: public officials and employee liability, flood and earthquake insurance, boiler and machinery coverage, general liability, property and casualty, garage liability, oceans and marine liability and fiduciary coverage. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage during the year ended June 30, 2023 as compared to the previous year. Claims incurred on these other types of insurance did not exceed insurance coverage during the years ended June 30, 2023, 2022 and 2021.

14. Pollution Remediation Obligation

The District is currently involved in the operation and maintenance of the Groundwater Remediation System at the Middle School and continued implementation of a Rhode Island Department of Environmental Management (RIDEM) approved Full-Scale Soil Washing Program. The District initially retained non-professional and professional consulting services to achieve the initial design of the recovery system. The initial design of the recovery system included the use of total fluids recovery technology which involved pumping a combination of groundwater and free product and running it through an oil/water separator. From its original installation in 1999 through 2005, it is estimated that approximately 4,000 gallons of free product were recovered. Consulting services are being utilized to achieve compliance with the applicable RIDEM regulations with regard to the remediation of No. 2 fuel from a former leaking underground storage tank. Using RIDEM's target cleanup goal, the District anticipates ongoing operation of the system in substantially the same configuration that exists today for one to three more years. The District will monitor the system operation and

June 30, 2023

14. Pollution Remediation Obligation (continued)

product recovery rates over the next year to assess when the free product thickness will meet the target goal. When appropriate, the District will shut down the system and observe the free product thickness at several locations. The consultant and management believe the cleanup can be terminated within three years at a total remaining estimated cost ranging from \$22,000 to \$64,000. The District has recorded the estimated remaining liability of \$64,000 in the Government-wide statement of net position as of June 30, 2023.

15. Commitments and Contingencies

Contracts

The School District has publicly bid and contracted with a private contractor to have in-district bussing services provided for students through the last day of school June 2024. The School Committee awarded the private contractor a three-year contract with two one-year extension options by mutual consent through the last day of school in June 2026. Due to extremely high costs incurred by the District in FY19 while utilizing statewide transportation (as required by legislation), the District requested a variance from the RI Department of Education to transport most of the District's out-of- district special education students using a private contractor. This variance is still in effect for FY23. The District also requested FY23 variances related to grade five bus monitors and kindergarten stops; both of which were approved.

A request for variance for out-of-district private school transportation was denied by the RI Department of Education during the Chariho transportation bid process in spring 2021, and again on September 20, 2021. The projected annual payment for Ocean State Transit for FY24 is estimated at over \$5 million, consistent with actual FY23 expenditures due to the full reinstatement of post-Covid operations.

The State of Rhode Island publicly bid and awarded a one-year contract to Chartwells for school nutrition services with four one-year extension options by mutual consent. On May 24, 2023 the School Committee approved the District's participation in year two (FY23) of the contract with the option to renew years three (FY24) through five (FY26).

Grants

The District has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantors or their representatives. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursement to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grant. The District officials believe such disallowances, if any, would be immaterial.

Litigation

There are various lawsuits pending against the District. Although the outcome of most of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, any probable claims, as determined by the District officials and counsel, have been appropriately provided for.

June 30, 2023

16. Subsequent Events

Management reviewed subsequent events through the report date of September 23, 2023. No material events have occurred that require disclosures.



June 30, 2023

Required Supplementary Information

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – Unrestricted Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

REVENUES:	Originally Adopted Budget	Fin	al Approved Budget		Actual Budgetary Basis)	Fa	variance avorable favorable)
REVIEWED.							
Contributions from participating Towns	\$ 53,887,782	\$	53,887,782	\$	54,397,291	\$	509,509
Intergovernmental	2,563,033		2,563,033		2,739,498		176,465
Tuition	3,548,048		3,548,048		3,339,789		(208,259)
Investment Income	50,494		50,494		225,261		174,767
Miscellaneous	62,704		62,704		42,798		(19,906)
Total Revenues	 60,112,061		60,112,061		60,744,637		632,576
EXPENDITURES:							
Employee compensation	35,547,704		34,840,229)	34,541,869		298,360
Employee benefits	14,168,480		14,062,426		14,118,649		(56,223)
Purchased professional services	1,640,278		2,004,825		1,776,927		227,898
Purchased property services	1,156,765		1,248,234		989,401		258,833
Other purchased services	7,680,504		8,006,231		7,875,636		130,595
Supplies	1,707,992		1,714,616		1,615,711		98,905
Property	171,543		194,271		185,151		9,120
Debt service and other	 107,770		110,204		92,907		17,297
Total Expenditures	 62,181,036		62,181,036		61,196,251		984,785
Excess of revenues over expenditures, budgetary basis	(2,068,975)		(2,068,975)		(451,614)		1,617,361
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Use of accumulated fund balance -prior year designation	2,068,975		2,068,975		2,068,975		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 2,068,975		2,068,975		2,068,975		-
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses, budgetary basis	\$ 	\$		\$	1,617,361	\$	1,617,361

The adjustments necessary to reconcile actual revenues and expenditures reported on a budgetary basis to actual revenues and expenditures reported in accordance with generally accepted account principles are as follows:

	er Financing Sources	;	penditures and Other ancing Uses	Net
	 bources	1 111	aneing Oses	 1101
Statement of Revenues and Expenditures - Budgetary Basis	\$ 62,813,612	\$	61,196,251	\$ 1,617,361
On-behalf pension contribution by the State of Rhode Island	3,178,132		3,178,132	-
Use of accumulated fund balance	(2,068,975)			 (2,068,975)
Statement of Revenues and Expenditures - Budgetary Basis	\$ 63,922,769	\$	64,374,383	\$ (451,615)

Required Supplementary Information

Employee' Retirement System (ERS)

Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability

For the Ten Years Ended June 30

SCHEDULE OF CHARIHO SCHOOL DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATES HARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

Employees' Retirement System

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Employer's proportion of the net pension liability	1.44%	1.44%	1.44%	1.42%	1.44%	1.45%	1.57%	1.67%	1.53%
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 39,064,752	\$ 33,870,264	\$ 45,862,835	\$ 45,389,383	\$ 45,614,052	\$ 45,767,309	\$ 46,970,949	\$ 46,097,184	\$ 37,261,942
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the school district Total	28,819,128 \$ 67,883,880	25,117,837 \$ 58,988,101	34,077,210 \$ 79,940,045	34,001,648 \$ 79,391,031	34,024,806 \$ 79,638,858	34,589,089 \$ 80,356,398	32,168,203 \$ 79,139,152	31,492,149 \$ 77,589,333	25,552,230 \$ 62,814,172
Employer's covered employee payroll	\$ 28,580,328	\$ 30,072,255	\$ 28,808,421	\$ 28,502,387	\$ 27,957,019	\$ 27,472,477	\$ 27,566,533	\$ 26,749,403	\$ 25,718,673
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	136.68%	112.63%	159.20%	159.25%	163.16%	166.59%	170.39%	172.33%	144.88%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	66.50%	66.50%	54.30%	54.60%	54.30%	54.00%	54.06%	57.55%	61.40%

Notes:

- 1.) The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of 6/30 measurement date prior to the fiscal year-end.
- 2.) Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years additional years will be displayed as they become available.
- 3.) Employers participating in the State Employee's Retirement System are required by RI General Laws, Section 36-10-2, to contribute an actuarially determined contribution rate

Required Supplementary Information *Employees' Retirement System (ERS)*Schedule of Contributions

For the Ten Years Ended June 30

SCHEDULE OF CHARIHO SCHOOL DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS Employees' Retirement System

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 4,449,334	\$ 4,163,742	\$ 4,177,221	\$ 4,024,537	\$ 3,760,219	\$ 3,637,356	\$ 3,633,269	\$ 3,672,693	\$ 3,448,874
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	4,449,334	4,163,742	4,177,221	4,024,537	3,760,219	3,637,356	3,633,269	3,672,693	3,448,874
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	<u> </u>	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 28,580,328	\$ 30,072,255	\$ 28,808,421	\$ 28,502,387	\$ 27,957,019	\$ 27,472,477	\$ 27,566,533	\$ 26,749,403	\$ 25,718,673
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	15.57%	13.85%	14.50%	14.12%	13.45%	13.24%	13.18%	13.73%	13.41%

Notes:

- 1.) Employers participating in the State Employee's Retirement System are required by RI General Laws, Section 36-10-2, to contribute an actuarially determined contribution rate
- 2.) Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years additional years will be displayed as they become available.
- 3.) Employers participating in the State Employee's Retirement System are required by RI General Laws, Section 36-10-2, to contribute an actuarially determined contribution rate

Required Supplementary Information

Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS)

Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

For the Ten Years Ended June 30

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN CHARIHO REGIONAL SCHOOL DISTRICT'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - General Employee Plan

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
A. Total pension liability									
1. Service Cost	\$ 429,876	\$ 448,352	\$ 481,337	\$ 507,604	\$ 501,779	\$ 467,245	\$ 468,099	\$ 467,912	\$ 505,798
2. Interest on the Total Pension Liability	1,826,485	1,786,189	1,734,121	1,664,882	1,606,680	1,561,175	1,515,095	1,413,219	1,340,630
3. Benefit changes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	283,863	-
4. Difference between expected and actual experience					\rightarrow				
of the Total Pension Liability	75,399	(286,652)	45,848	(47,286)	(253,612)	(33,369)	(371,047)	145,416	-
5. Changes of assumptions	-	-	(249,889)		-	1,108,291	-	-	15,429
6. Benefit payments	(1,407,155)	(1,318,824)	(1,183,374)	(1,062,507)	(990,074)	(977,355)	(1,017,261)	(887,070)	(863,058)
7. Net change in total pension liability	924,605	629,065	828,043	1,062,693	864,773	2,125,987	594,886	1,423,340	998,799
8. Total pension liability – beginning	26,581,288	25,952,223	25,124,180	24,061,487	23,196,714	21,070,727	20,475,841	19,052,501	18,053,702
9. Total pension liability – ending (a)	27,505,893	26,581,288	25,952,223	25,124,180	24,061,487	23,196,714	21,070,727	20,475,841	19,052,501
B. Plan fiduciary net position									
1. Contributions – employer	614,872	612,732	616,836	594,701	573,539	607,582	578,340	595,128	555,047
2. Contributions – employee	144,300	149,681	155,074	164,406	166,419	175,612	179,233	107,812	108,246
3. Net investment income	(701,635)	5,715,991	777,757	1,307,009	1,497,381	1,987,979	(5,884)	401,793	2,256,666
4. Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(1,407,155)	(1,318,824)	(1,183,374)	(1,062,507)	(990,074)	(977,355)	(1,017,261)	(887,070)	(863,058)
5. Pension Plan Administrative Expense	(23,919)	(21,779)	(21,429)	(20,431)	(19,934)	(18,782)	(15,830)	(16,117)	(14,131)
6. Other	3,051	(13,686)	33,465	(68,670)	63,827	(8,429)	89,696	3	(5,509)
7. Net change in plan fiduciary net position	(1,370,486)	5,124,115	378,329	914,508	1,291,158	1,766,607	(191,706)	201,549	2,037,261
8. Plan fiduciary net position – beginning	26,427,918	21,303,803	20,925,474	20,010,966	18,719,808	16,953,201	17,144,907	16,943,358	14,906,097
9. Plan fiduciary net position – ending (b)	25,057,432	26,427,918	21,303,803	20,925,474	20,010,966	18,719,808	16,953,201	17,144,907	16,943,358
C. Net pension (asset) liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 2,448,461	\$ 153,370	\$ 4,648,420	\$ 4,198,706	\$ 4,050,521	\$ 4,476,906	\$ 4,117,526	\$ 3,330,934	\$ 2,109,143
D. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	91.10%	99.42%	82.09%	83.29%	83.17%	80.70%	80.46%	83.73%	88.93%
E. Covered employee payroll	\$ 5,346,713	\$ 5,461,043	\$ 5,623,102	\$ 5,652,607	\$ 5,520,120	\$ 5,503,470	\$ 5,374,273	\$ 5,390,690	\$ 5,415,397
F. Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	45.79%	2.81%	82.67%	74.28%	73.38%	81.35%	76.62%	61.79%	38.95%

This Schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full ten year trend is compiled, the District is presenting information for those years for which information is available.

CHARIHO SCHOOL DISTRICT

Required Supplementary Information Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS) Schedule of Contributions

For the Ten Years Ended June 30

SCHEDULE OF CHARIHO REGIONAL SCHOOL SCHOOL DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS - General Employee Plan

Municipal Employees' Retirement System

		2023	2022	2021	 2020		2019	 2018	 2017	2016	 2015	2014
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	587,299	\$ 614,872	\$ 612,732	\$ 616,836	\$	594,701	\$ 573,539	\$ 607,582	\$ 578,340	\$ 595,128	\$ 555,047
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	_	587,299	 614,872	 612,732	 616,836	_	594,701	573,539	 607,582	 578,340	 595,128	 555,047
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$ 	\$ 	\$ -	\$		\$ 	\$ -	\$ 	\$ _	\$
Covered-employee payroll	\$	5,217,659	\$ 5,346,713	\$ 5,461,043	\$ 5,623,102	_\$	5,652,607	\$ 5,520,120	\$ 5,503,470	\$ 5,374,273	\$ 5,390,690	\$ 5,415,397
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		11.26%	11.50%	11.22%	10.97%	L	10.52%	10.39%	11.04%	10.76%	11.04%	10.25%

Notes:

^{1.)} Employers participating in the Municipal Employee's Retirement System are required by RI General Laws, Section 45-21-42, to contribute an actuarially determined contribution rate each year.

^{2.)} Employers participating in the Municipal Employee's Retirement System are required by RI General Laws, Section 45-21-42, to contribute an actuarially determined contribution rate each year.

Required Supplementary Information

Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB)

Schedule of Changes in the OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

For the Ten Years Ended June 30

CHARIHO REGIONAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE DISTRICT'S TOTAL OPEB LIABLITY AND RELATED RATIOS

		2023		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018
Total OPEB liability:												
Service cost	\$	22,967	\$	37,331	\$	34,536	\$	29,788	\$	28,292	\$	34,567
Interest		26,262		18,864		22,804		28,785		33,600		32,616
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-		-		(4,595)		(74,904)
Changes in assumptions		(1,540)		(66,123)		22,553		41,869		17,152		25,341
Differences between expected and actual experience		3,092		(161,965)		(30,568)		(1,415)		(30,571)		36,285
Benefit payments		(21,992)		(44,057)		(51,903)		(80,849)		(105,882)		(75,380)
Net change in total OPEB liability		28,789		(215,950)		(2,578)		18,178		(62,004)		(21,475)
Total OPEB liability - beginning		630,017		845,967		848,545		830,367		892,371		913,846
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	658,806	\$	630,017	\$	845,967	\$	848,545	\$	830,367	\$	892,371
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 33	3,116,030	\$3	32,716,046	\$3	3,218,510	\$3	2,071,836	\$3	31,870,460	\$30	0,867,274
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		2.0%		1.9%		2.5%		2.6%		2.6%		2.9%

Notes:

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

For the Year Ended June 30,2023

(A) Budgetary Process

In accordance with the CHARIHO Act, the District has formally established budgetary accounting control for its General Fund. The General Fund is subject to an annual operating budget that is prepared by the administration of the District Superintendent and submitted to the Regional School Committee for approval. The Regional School Committee shall approve a proposed budget which it believes will efficiently operate the Regional School District for the ensuing year not later than the fifteenth day of February in each year. Not later than the third Tuesday in March of each year, and subsequent to the public hearing at the annual regional district meeting on the proposed budget, the District School Committee shall adopt a final budget. Within thirty days after the Regional School Committee adopts its final proposed budget for the ensuing year, a budget approval referendum must be held in each of the member towns on a single day to be determined by the Regional School Committee. The vote at referendum shall be for the purpose of approving or rejecting the overall total district budget as proposed by the Regional School Committee, and for approving or rejecting any special warrant items proposed by the Regional School Committee.

The School District requires an annual budget for the General Fund. The practices used in preparation of the 2023 budget differ in certain respects from the presentation of the actual results of operations prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The actual results of operations, for purposes of the Statement of Revenues and Expenditures, Budget and Actual on a Budgetary Basis - General Fund, have been adjusted to a basis consistent with the School District's budget for 2023.

Amendments to the operating budget that do not result in additional appropriations may be made by means of a transfer. The Director of Administration and Finance has authority to make such transfers within departments as well as any transfers up to \$1,500. Transfers over \$1,500 must be approved by the School Committee.

(B) Employees' Retirement System (ERS) and Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS) Plans

General Information

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the June 30 measurement date prior to the fiscal year end.

The schedules are intended to show information for 10 years – additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Employers participating in the State Employee's Retirement System are required by RI General Laws, Section 36-10-2, to contribute an actuarially determined contribution rate each year.

Employers participating in the Municipal Employee's Retirement System are required by RI General Laws, Section 45-21-42, to contribute an actuarially determined contribution rate each year.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

For the Year Ended June 30,2023

(B) Employees' Retirement System (ERS) and Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS) Plans (Continued)

June 30, 2022 measurement date -

There were no changes in actuarial methods or assumptions reflected in the calculation of the net pension liability (asset) of the plans as of the June 30, 2022 measurement date compared to the June 30, 2021 measurement date

June 30, 2021 measurement date-

There were no changes to the actuarial methods or assumptions reflected in the calculation of the net pension liability (asset) of the plans as of the June 30, 2021 measurement date compared to the June 30, 2020 measurement date.

June 30, 2020 measurement date -

As part of the 2020 Actuarial Experience Study for the six-year period ending June 30, 2019 as approved by the System Board on May 22, 2020, certain assumptions were modified and reflected in the determination of net pension liability (asset) at the June 30, 2020 measurement date. The following summarizes the more significant changes in assumptions:

- Updated the underlying mortality tables from the RP-2014 set of tables to the public sector- based PUB (10) tables.
- Increased the probabilities of turnover.
- Decreased the probabilities of retirement.
- Modified the probabilities of disability, including adding material incidence of disability for members in the age ranges that historically have been eligible to retire but under prospective provisions are not.

June 30, 2019 measurement date -

There were no changes in actuarial methods or assumptions reflected in the calculation of the net pension liability (asset) of the plans as of the June 30, 2019 measurement date compared to the June 30, 2018 measurement date.

June 30, 2018 measurement date –

There were no changes in actuarial methods or assumptions reflected in the calculation of the net pension liability (asset) of the plans as of the June 30, 2018 measurement date compared to the June 30, 2017 measurement date.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

For the Year Ended June 30,2023

(B) Employees' Retirement System (ERS) and Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS) Plans (Continued)

June 30, 2017 measurement date –

As part of the 2017 Actuarial Experience Investigation Study for the six-year period ending June 30, 2016 as approved by the System Board on May 15, 2017, certain assumptions were modified and reflected in the determination of the net pension liability (asset) at the June 30, 2017 measurement date. The following summarizes the more significant changes in assumptions:

- Decreased the general inflation assumption from 2.75% to 2.50%;
- Decreased the nominal investment return assumption from 7.50% to 7.00%;
 - Decreased the general wage growth assumption from 3.25% to 3.00%;
 - Decreased salary increase assumptions; and
 - Updated the post-retirement mortality tables to variants of the RP-2014 table. For the improvement scale, update to the ultimate rates of the MP-2016 projection scale.

June 30, 2016 measurement date -

There were no changes in actuarial methods or assumptions reflected in the calculation of the net pension liability (asset) of the plans as of the June 30, 2016 measurement date compared to the June 30, 2015 measurement date.

June 30, 2015 measurement date -

There were no changes in actuarial methods or assumptions reflected in the calculation of the net pension liability (asset) of the plans as of the June 30, 2015 measurement date compared to the June 30, 2014 measurement date.

The June 30, 2015 measurement date determination of the net pension liability for the ERS and MERS plans reflects changes in benefit changes resulting from the settlement of litigation challenging the various pension reform measures enacted in previous years by the General Assembly. The final settlement approved by the Court on July 8, 2015 also included enactment of the pension settlement provisions by the General Assembly. These amended benefit provisions, are summarized below:

• Employees with more than 20 years of service at July 1, 2012 will increase their employee contribution rates to 11% for state employees and municipal general employees will contribute 8.25% (9.25% for units with a COLA provision) and participate solely in the defined benefit plan

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

For the Year Ended June 30,2023

(B) Employees' Retirement System (ERS) and Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS) Plans (Continued)

going forward – service credit accruals will increase from 1% to 2% per year.

- Members are eligible to retire upon the attainment of: age 65 with 30 years of service, 64 with 31 years of service, 63 with 32 years of service, or 62 with 33 years of service. Members may retire earlier if their RIRSA date is earlier or are eligible under a transition rule.
- Employees with more than 10 but less than 20 years of service at July 1, 2012 will receive an increased employer contribution to the defined contribution plan. Also, members who earn less than \$35,000 per year will not be required to pay the administrative fees to the defined contribution plan.
 - Members who retired from a COLA eligible plan before July 1, 2012 will received a
 one-time cost of living adjustment of 2% of the first \$25,000 paid as soon as
 administratively possible.
 - Retirees as of June 30, 2015 will receive two \$500 stipends; the interim cost of living increases will occur at 4 year rather than 5 year intervals.
 - The COLA formula was adjusted to: 50% of the COLA is calculated by taking the previous 5- year average investment return, less 5.5% (5yr Return 5.5%, with a max of 4%) and 50% calculated using previous year's CPI-U (max of 3%) for a total max COLA of 3.5%. This COLA is calculated on the first \$25,855, effective January 1, 2016, and indexed as of that date as well. (The indexing formula is run annually regardless of funding level each year.)
 - Minor adjustments were made to the actuarial reduction for employees choosing to retire early.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

For the Year Ended June 30,2023

(C) Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

The schedules are intended to show information for 10 years – additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Actuarial Valuation Date: July 1, 2022. Liabilities as of June 30, 2023 are based

on an actuarial valuation date of July 1, 2022 projected to June 30, 2023, reflecting actual premiums and updated discount rate. Liabilities as of June 30, 2022 are based on an actuarial valuation date of July, 1,

2022 with no adjustments.

Discount Rate: 4.13% as of June 30, 2023 and 4.09 as of June 30,

2022 for accouting disclosure purposes.

Payroll Growth: 3:00% (2.50% general inflation and 0.50% real wage inflation)

Inflation Rate: 2.50% per year

Cost Method: Entry age normal level % salary

Health Care Trend Rates: 7.0% for 2024, decreasing by 0.5% per year to an

ultimate rate of 4.0% for 2029 and later years.

Spouse Coverage: Spousal coverage for current retirees is based on actual

date. 70% of employees are assumed to be married at retirement. Husbands are assumed to be three years

older than wives

Mortality: MERS – SOA Pub-2020 General Headcount Weighted

Mortality Table fully generational using Scale MP-2021. RI ERS – SOA Pub-2010 Teachers Headcount Weighted Mortality Table fully generational using Scale MP-2021. Surviving Spouses – SOA Pub 2010 Contingent Survivor Headcount Weighted Mortality

Table fully generational using Scale MP-2021.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Supplementary Information

Supplementary Information Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combined Balance Sheet

	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Assets		\		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 667,454	\$ 41,809	\$ 2,649,798	\$ 3,359,061
Due from other governments	1,501,846	-	-	1,501,846
Due from other funds	47,422	_	-	47,422
Prepaid Expense	177,192			177,192
Total Assets	2,393,914	41,809	2,649,798	5,085,521
Y : 1000		·		
Liabilities	107.221		4.650	111.002
Accounts payable	107,231	-	4,652	111,883
Accrued payroll and benefits	100,151	-	-	100,151
Due to other funds	1,412,445			1,412,445
Total Liabilities	1,619,827		4,652	1,624,479
Fund Balances				
Nonspendable	177,192	-	-	-
Restricted	774,087	41,809	37,972	853,868
Committed	-	-	2,607,174	2,607,174
Unassinged	(177,192)			
Total Fund Balances	774,087	41,809	2,645,146	3,461,042
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 2,393,914	\$ 41,809	\$ 2,649,798	\$ 5,085,521

Supplementary Information

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

	Specia Reven		Debt Service		Capita Projec		Gov	Total onmajor ernmental Funds
Revenues								
Contributions of participating Towns	\$	٥	\$ 816.	561	\$		\$	816,564
Intergovernmental	ه 4,213		1,632,			,526	Ф	6,357,277
Contributions and donations	*	,460	1,032,	-	311	,520		289,460
Total Revenues	4,502		2,449,	134	511	,526		7,463,301
Expenditures			. *	,				
Employee compensation	1,321	,490		-		-		1,321,490
Employee benefits	589	,104		-		-		589,104
Purchased professional and technical services	744	,011		-		-		744,011
Other purchased services	91	,473		-		-		91,473
Purchased property services	39	,436		-		-		39,436
Supplies	553	,703		-		-		553,703
Miscellaneous	170	,902		-		-		170,902
Capital outlays	1,038	,535		-	613	,517		1,652,052
Debt service:								
Principal		-	1,095,	000		-		1,095,000
Interest			913,	336				913,336
Total Expenditures	4,548	,654	2,008,	336	613	,517		7,170,507
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)								
Expenditures Before Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(46	,013)	440,	798	(101	,991)		292,794
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in		-		_		-		_
Transfers out			(535,	563)				(535,563)
Net Changes in Fund Balances	(46	,013)	(94,	765)	(101	,991)		(242,769)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	820	,100	136,	574	2,747	,137		3,703,811
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 774	,087	\$ 41,	809	\$ 2,645	,146	\$	3,461,042

Supplementary Information Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Balance Sheet

June 30, 2023

	IDEA Part B	IDEA Preschool	Title I	Title IV Personal Learning	Title I School Improvement 1003(a) Support	ARP ELC Epidemic Lab	Title II
Assets	Φ.	Φ.	.	•		d)	Φ.
Cash and cash equivalents Due from other governments	\$ - 290,978	\$ - 15,368	\$ - 168,693	\$	17,666	\$ - 7,360	\$ - 64,545
Due from other funds	290,978	13,308	108,093		17,000	7,300	-
Prepaid expense	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Assets	\$ 290,978	\$ 15,368	\$ 168,693	\$ -	\$ 17,666	\$ 7,360	\$ 64,545
Liabilities							
Accounts payable			434		220		
Accrued payroll and benefits	29,129	2,487	24,906	-	66	_	8,145
Due to other funds	261,849	12,881	143,083	-	17,380	7,360	56,400
Total Liabilities	290,978	15,368	168,423		17,666	7,360	64,545
Fund Balances Nonspendable							
Restricted		-	270	-	-	-	-
Unassigned		-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Fund Balances	-		270				
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 290,978	\$ 15,368	\$ 168,693	\$ -	\$ 17,666	\$ 7,360	\$ 64,545

See Independent Auditors' Report

Supplementary Information Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Balance Sheet

	Lang	le III guage isition		ng Term Even year	erkins ondary	emic EBT Local	To L	ce to the op Early earning nallenge	of I Servic	partment Iuman es Rising tars	Counci	State il for the
Assets												
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 5,024	\$	127	\$	141	\$	852
Due from other governments		1,345		24,210	10,135	-		-		-		-
Due from other funds		-		-	-			-		-		-
Prepaid expense												
Total Assets	\$	1,345	\$	24,210	\$ 10,135	\$ 5,024	\$	127	\$	141	\$	852
Liabilities												
Accounts payable		847		380	-	-		-		-		-
Accrued payroll and benefits		-		-	-	-		-		-		-
Due to other funds	-	498		23,830	 10,135	 						
Total Liabilities		1,345		24,210	10,135						-	
Fund Balances			X									
Nonspendable				-	-	-		-		-		-
Restricted		-		-	-	5,024		127		141		852
Unassigned		Y			 	 						
Total Fund Balances	4				 	 5,024		127		141		852
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	1,345	\$	24,210	\$ 10,135	\$ 5,024	\$	127	\$	141	\$	852

Supplementary Information Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Balance Sheet

	Categ	CTC Categorical Off Year		CTC egorical en Year	Ga Found			egorical unding	RI For	undation	Profe	ndation ssional ev	ndation K Grant	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	134,730	\$	93,279	\$	8	\$	20,267	\$	8,539	\$	40	\$	676
Due from other governments Due from other funds		137,945		-		-				-		-		-
Prepaid expense		<u> </u>		<u>-</u>		-	_	-		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
Total Assets	\$	272,675	\$	93,279	\$	8	\$	20,267	\$	8,539	\$	40	\$	676
Liabilities														
Accounts payable		45,162		279		-		-		-		-		-
Accrued payroll and benefits Due to other funds		-				-		-		-		-		-
Due to other funds				_										
Total Liabilities		45,162		279		-		-	-			-		
Fund Balances			X											
Nonspendable		227.512		- 02.000		-		-		- 0.520		-		-
Restricted Unassigned		227,513		93,000		8		20,267		8,539		40		676
5.1400. <u>5</u> .100	< 7													
Total Fund Balances		227,513		93,000		8		20,267		8,539		40		676
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	272,675	\$	93,279	\$	8	\$	20,267	\$	8,539	\$	40	\$	676

Supplementary Information Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Balance Sheet

	2	nmunity 2000 indation	AM Gr		Youth dation	West Credit		Culina Founda	-	Clark ndation	amplin ndation
Assets											
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	10,844	\$	244	\$ 884	\$	21	\$	3	\$ 4,062	\$ -
Due from other governments		-		-	-			v	-	-	-
Due from other funds		-		-	_		7		-	-	46,389
Prepaid expense											
Total Assets	\$	10,844	\$	244	\$ 884	\$	21	\$	3	\$ 4,062	\$ 46,389
Liabilities											
Accounts payable		-		-	_		-		-	-	-
Accrued payroll and benefits		-		-	-		-		-	-	-
Due to other funds				-	 		_			 	 45,509
Total Liabilities		-			 					 _	 45,509
Fund Balances											
Nonspendable				_	-		_		-	-	-
Restricted	\	10,844		244	884		21		3	4,062	880
Unassigned	1	<u> </u>			 					 	 -
Total Fund Balances	/_	10,844		244	 884		21		3	4,062	880
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	10,844	\$	244	\$ 884	\$	21	\$	3	\$ 4,062	\$ 46,389

Supplementary Information Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Balance Sheet

		tudent ctivities	Walmar	t Grant	Ti	itle IV	Rota	ry Club	tegorical nding	nal FFA	Cate	CTC egorical elding
Assets												
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	228,183	\$	39	\$	-	\$	6,359	\$ -	\$ 233	\$	1,067
Due from other governments		-		-		22,073		-	1,146	-		-
Due from other funds		1,033		-		_		Y -	-	-		-
Prepaid expense		-						<u>-</u>		-		-
Total Assets	\$	229,216	\$	39	\$	22,073	\$	6,359	\$ 1,146	\$ 233	\$	1,067
Liabilities												
Accounts payable		936		.				_	_	_		_
Accrued payroll and benefits		-		_		1,228		_	_	_		_
Due to other funds				-		20,845			 1,146	 		-
Total Liabilities		936				22,073			 1,146	 		
Fund Balances												
Nonspendable				-		-		-	-	-		-
Restricted	_	228,280		39		-		6,359	-	233		1,067
Unassigned		-							 	 		_
Total Fund Balances	<u>/</u>	228,280		39				6,359	 	 233		1,067
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	229,216	\$	39	\$	22,073	\$	6,359	\$ 1,146	\$ 233	\$	1,067

Supplementary Information Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Balance Sheet

	Em	amily ergency Gunds	Lyncl Scholars		AESP ay ola	M Mini Frant	CTC egorical	R	I DEM	nations d Trips
Assets										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,374	\$	-	\$ 1,548	\$ 690	\$ 2,102	\$	59,049	\$ 9,998
Due from other governments		-		-	-	IX	-		-	-
Due from other funds		-		-		-	-		-	-
Prepaid expense		-		-	-	_	-		-	-
Total Assets	\$	1,374	\$		\$ 1,548	\$ 690	\$ 2,102	\$	59,049	\$ 9,998
Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued payroll and benefits Due to other funds		-		-	-	690 -	-		-	-
Total Liabilities						690	-		<u>-</u>	
Fund Balances										
Nonspendable				-	_	_	_		_	_
Restricted		1,374		-	1,548	_	2,102		59,049	9,998
Unassigned						 	 			
Total Fund Balances		1,374			 1,548		2,102		59,049	9,998
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	1,374	\$		\$ 1,548	\$ 690	\$ 2,102	\$	59,049	\$ 9,998

Supplementary Information Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Balance Sheet

		onation rivate	Engin Soc	dence eering iety otics	Lov		Co Interr	erican uncil national	Natio Socie Ameri Revalua	can	Perkins Reve	-	B Au	School uilding uthority Capital
Assets Cook and each againslants	¢	66 200	\$	500	\$	198	\$	115	\$	3	\$		\$	
Cash and cash equivalents Due from other governments	\$	66,200	Э	300	Ф	198	Э	115	9	3	Э	-	Þ	319,008
Due from other funds		_		-						-		_		519,000
Prepaid expense		_		_				_		_		_		-
	-							-			-			
Total Assets	\$	66,200	\$	500	\$	198	\$	115	\$	3	\$		\$	319,008
		_						_						
Liabilities														
Accounts payable		1,291		-		-		-		-		-		56,187
Accrued payroll and benefits		-		-		-		-		-		-		247.059
Due to other funds			<u> </u>	_										247,958
Total Liabilities		1,291		<u>-</u>				<u>-</u>						304,145
Fund Balances			X											
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Restricted		64,909		500		198		115		3		-		14,863
Unassigned		_		_				_				_		_
Total Fund Balances		64,909		500		198		115		3				14,863
Iour I una Damnets		04,909		300		170		113						17,003
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	66,200	\$	500	\$	198	\$	115	\$	3	\$	-	\$	319,008

Supplementary Information Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Balance Sheet

	Ecci	ER II	EC	SER III		Trust	Ι	Development Donations	ADDA	HCYII	A DI	PA IDEA		A IDEA
Assets	E991	EK II	ES	SEK III	Sarei	ly Grant		Donations	ARP	ПСТП	AKI	AIDEA	Pie	SCHOOL
Cash and cash equivalents	\$		\$		\$	25	\$	5,030	0		\$		\$	
Due from other governments	Ф	2,062	Ф	195.026	Þ	23	Ф	5,030	\$	3,243	Ф	90,333	Ф	1,489
Due from other funds		2,002		185,026		-			·	3,243		90,333		1,469
		-		177 102		-				-		-		-
Prepaid expense				177,192							-			-
Total Assets	\$	2,062	\$	362,218	\$	25	\$	5,030	\$	3,243	\$	90,333	\$	1,489
										:				
Liabilities														
Accounts payable		-		-		-		-		-		805		-
Accrued payroll and benefits		-		19,542		-		-		-		3,558		-
Due to other funds		2,062		342,676						3,243		85,970		1,489
Total Liabilities		2,062		362,218				<u> </u>		3,243		90,333		1,489
Fund Balances														
Nonspendable				177,192		-		-		_		-		-
Restricted		-		_		25		5,030		_		_		_
Unassigned				(177,192)				<u>-</u>						
Total Fund Balances						25		5,030						
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	2,062	\$	362,218	\$	25	\$	5,030	\$	3,243	\$	90,333	\$	1,489

Supplementary Information Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Balance Sheet

	•	g Term Odd Year	SDA ip ment	Projec	ct Aware	Teen	h and Mental alth	PA Safe hools	tal Special enue Funds
Assets									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$ 5,000	\$		\$	-	\$ -	\$ 667,454
Due from other governments		12,412	-		58,226		51,600	16,983	1,501,846
Due from other funds		-	-		-		-	-	47,422
Prepaid expense			 <u>-</u>					 	 177,192
Total Assets	\$	12,412	\$ 5,000	\$	58,226	\$	51,600	\$ 16,983	\$ 2,393,914
Liabilities									
Accounts payable		_	_		_		_	_	107,231
Accrued payroll and benefits		1,883	_		_		9,207	_	100,151
Due to other funds		10,529	_		58,226		42,393	16,983	1,412,445
Total Liabilities		12,412	-		58,226		51,600	 16,983	 1,619,827
Fund Balances									
									177 100
Nonspendable Restricted		-	- - 000		-		-	-	177,192
		\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	5,000		-		-	-	774,087
Unassigned	-		 					 	 (177,192)
Total Fund Balances			 5,000					 	774,087
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	12,412	\$ 5,000	\$	58,226	\$	51,600	\$ 16,983	\$ 2,393,914

Supplementary Information Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

	IDEA Part B	IDEA Preschool	Title I	Title IV Personal Learning	Title I School Improvement 1003(a) Support	ARP ELC Epidemic Lab	Title II
Revenues							
Intergovernmental	\$ 806,942	\$ 36,917	\$ 380,707	\$ 11,408	\$ 106,316	\$ 76,745	\$ 127,009
Contributions and donations					<u> </u>		
Total Revenues	\$ 806,942	\$ 36,917	\$ 380,707	\$ 11,408	\$ 106,316	\$ 76,745	\$ 127,009
Expenditures				•			
Employee compensation	463,662	25,442	244,126	7,680	45,965	-	91,054
Employee benefits	243,037	10,778	122,909	588	3,468	-	26,743
Purchased professional and technical services	96,850	-	501	-	21,622	-	4,870
Other purchased services	-	-	7,817	-	1,374	-	-
Purchased property services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Supplies	601	-	4,069	3,140	14,133	7,360	518
Miscellaneous	2,792	697	1,285	-	-	-	3,824
Capital outlays		-			19,754	69,385	
Total Expenditures	806,942	36,917	380,707	11,408	106,316	76,745	127,009
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures Before Other Financing Sources (Uses)	12		-	-	-	-	-
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers out	-	-					_
Net Changes in Fund Balances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		-	270				

Supplementary Information Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

	Title III Language Acquisition	Long T Plan Eve		erkins ondary	mic EBT .ocal	Race t Top H Learn Chall	Early ning	of H Service	artment uman s Rising ars	Counc	State cil for the Arts
Revenues											
Intergovernmental	\$ 3,927	\$ 4	0,441	\$ 13,782	\$ 5,024	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,225
Contributions and donations			-	 	 13	<u> </u>	-				
Total Revenues	\$ 3,927	\$ 4	0,441	\$ 13,782	\$ 5,024	\$		\$		\$	1,225
Expenditures											
Employee compensation	-		1,000	1,600	_		-		-		-
Employee benefits	-		71	122	-		-		-		-
Purchased professional and technical services	-		5,988	12,060	-		-		-		-
Other purchased services	2,690		-		-		-		-		1,214
Purchased property services	-		-	-	-		-		-		-
Supplies	1,099	2	4,667	-	-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous	50		8,715	-	-		-		-		-
Capital outlays	88		-	 	 _		_		_		-
Total Expenditures	3,927	4	0,441	 13,782	 						1,214
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)											
Expenditures Before Other Financing Sources											
(Uses)			-	-	5,024		-		-		11
Other Financing Sources (Uses)											
Transfers in			-	-	-		-		-		-
Transfers out			-	 -			-				
Net Changes in Fund Balances	-		-	-	5,024		-		-		11
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	_			-	-		127		141		841

Supplementary Information Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

	CTC Categorical Off Year	CTC Categorical Even Year	Gates Foundation	Categorical Funding	RI Foundation	RI Foundation Professional Dev	RI Foundation SPARK Grant
Revenues							
Intergovernmental	\$ 388,548	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	-	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions and donations		-			-		
Total Revenues	\$ 388,548	\$ -	\$ -	\$	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Expenditures							
Employee compensation	-	10,955	-	-	-	-	-
Employee benefits	-	838	-	-	-	-	-
Purchased professional and technical services	25,434	19,823	/\ -V	-	-	-	-
Other purchased services	27,702	17,188	-	-	-	-	-
Purchased property services	-	-	_	=	=	-	-
Supplies	65,034	77,071	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	3,192	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlays	140,740	10,676		116,261			
Total Expenditures	262,102	136,551		116,261			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures Before Other Financing Sources (Uses)	126,446	(136,551)	-	(116,261)	-	-	-
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in		-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers out	-						
Net Changes in Fund Balances	126,446	(136,551)	-	(116,261)	-	-	-
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	101,067	229,551	8	136,528	8,539	40	676

Supplementary Information Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

	Community 2000 Foundation	AMGEN Grant	Gen Youth Foundation	Westerly Credit Union	Culinary Foundation	Clark Foundation	Champlin Foundation
Revenues							
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 17
Contributions and donations	17,341					65,092	
Total Revenues	\$ 17,341	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 65,092	\$ 17
Expenditures							
Employee compensation	-	-	_	-	-	-	2,642
Employee benefits	-	-	-	-	-	-	202
Purchased professional and technical services	198	-	/ - V	-	-	61,194	-
Other purchased services	634	, -	-	-	-	-	-
Purchased property services	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,436
Supplies	9,431	-	-	-	-	-	6,920
Miscellaneous	1,802		-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlays	4,200	-	-	-	-	-	11,167
Total Expenditures	16,265		-	-		61,194	23,367
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures Before Other Financing Sources							
(Uses)	1,076	-	-	-	-	3,898	(23,350)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	7 (
Transfers in		-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers out							
Net Changes in Fund Balances	1,076	-	-	=	-	3,898	(23,350)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	9,768	244	884	21	3	164	24,230

Supplementary Information Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

	Student Activities	Walmart Grant	Title IV	Rotary Club	EL Categorical Funding	National FFA Foundation	CTC Categorical Welding
Revenues							
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 39,790	\$ -	\$ 1,146	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions and donations	132,697						
Total Revenues	\$ 132,697	\$ -	\$ 39,790	\$ -	\$ 1,146	\$ -	\$ -
Expenditures							
Employee compensation	-	-	29,240	-	370	-	-
Employee benefits	-	-	2,202	-	28	-	-
Purchased professional and technical services	-	-	5,064	-	704	-	-
Other purchased services	-	_	-	-	-	-	-
Purchased property services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Supplies	-	-	2,466	321	44	-	-
Miscellaneous	129,680	_	818	-	-	-	-
Capital outlays							
Total Expenditures	129,680		39,790	321	1,146		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures Before Other Financing Sources (Uses)	3,017	_	-	(321)	-	-	-
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	7 7						
Transfers in		-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers out							
Net Changes in Fund Balances	3,017	-	-	(321)	-	-	-
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	225,263	39		6,680		233	1,067

Supplementary Information Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

	Family Emergency Funds	Lynch Scholarship	NAESP Crayola	STEM Mini Grant	CTC Categorical	RI DEM	Donations Field Trips
Revenues							
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,133	\$ -	\$ 72,525	\$ -
Contributions and donations		1,000					22,963
Total Revenues	\$ -	\$ 1,000	\$ -	\$ 3,133	\$ -	\$ 72,525	\$ 22,963
Expenditures							
Employee compensation	-	-	-	-	-	13,476	-
Employee benefits	-	-		-	-	-	-
Purchased professional and technical services	=	1,000		=	=	-	-
Other purchased services	=	-	-	=	=	-	3,417
Purchased property services	=	-	-	=	=	-	-
Supplies	=	-	-	3,133	=	-	-
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	=	=	-	11,139
Capital outlays							
Total Expenditures		1,000		3,133		13,476	14,556
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures Before Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-	-	-	-	59,049	8,407
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	7 (
Transfers in	<u></u>	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers out		-					
Net Changes in Fund Balances	-	-	-	-	-	59,049	8,407
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	1,374		1,548		2,102		1,591

Supplementary Information Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

		Oonation Private	En	rovidence agineering Society Robotics	ovett ndation	C Inte	merican ouncil rnational 'ravel	So	tional ciety erican duation	ns Special	I A	School Building uthority Capital
Revenues												
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,031	\$	319,008
Contributions and donations		40,367		-	 				-	 _		-
Total Revenues	\$	40,367	\$		\$ 	\$		\$		\$ 1,031	\$	319,008
Expenditures												
Employee compensation		-		-	-		-		-	-		-
Employee benefits		-		-	-		-		-	-		-
Purchased professional and technical services		-		-	-		-		-	-		33,255
Other purchased services		1,019		-	-		766		-	-		-
Purchased property services		800		-	-				-	-		10,200
Supplies		15,393		-	-		386		-	-		50,360
Miscellaneous		-		-	-		1,138		-	1,031		-
Capital outlays		-		-	_		_		-	 -		232,516
Total Expenditures		17,212	/_	-	 		2,290			 1,031		326,331
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures Before Other Financing Sources (Uses)	•	23,155		_	_		(2,290)		_	_		(7,323)
	\	23,133		_	_		(2,290)		_	_		(7,323)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)												
Transfers in		-		-	-		-		-	-		-
Transfers out		-			 					 		
Net Changes in Fund Balances		23,155		-	-		(2,290)		-	-		(7,323)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		41,754		500	 198		2,405		3	 		22,186
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	64,909	\$	500	\$ 198	\$	115	\$	3	\$ 	\$	14,863

Supplementary Information Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

	ESSER II	ESSER III	RI Trust Development Safety Grant Donations		ARPA HCY II	ARPA IDEA	ARPA IDEA Preschool
Revenues							
Intergovernmental	\$ 253,269	\$ 1,113,250	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,024	\$ 160,774	\$ 8,228
Contributions and donations		<u> </u>		10,000	_		
Total Revenues	\$ 253,269	\$ 1,113,250	\$ -	\$ 10,000	\$ 9,024	\$ 160,774	\$ 8,228
Expenditures							
Employee compensation	3,520	279,211	-	-	4,559	38,578	-
Employee benefits	261	137,582	-	-	334	23,035	-
Purchased professional and technical services	-	254,057		5,000	-	97,004	6,387
Other purchased services	-	11,564	-	-	4,131	-	-
Purchased property services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Supplies	-	263,559	-	-	-	2,157	1,841
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlays	249,488	167,277					
Total Expenditures	253,269	1,113,250	-	5,000	9,024	160,774	8,228
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)							
Expenditures Before Other Financing Sources							
(Uses)		-	-	5,000	-	-	-
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in	_	_	-	-	_	_	-
Transfers out							
Net Changes in Fund Balances	-	-	-	5,000	-	-	-
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year			25	30			

Supplementary Information Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

	ng Term Odd Year	JSDA nipment	Pro	ject Aware	Tee	outh and n Mental Health	RPA Safe Schools	otal Special venue Funds
Revenues								
Intergovernmental	\$ 29,962	\$ 5,000	\$	129,450	\$	51,600	\$ 16,983	\$ 4,213,181
Contributions and donations	 -	 _					 _	 289,460
Total Revenues	\$ 29,962	\$ 5,000	\$	129,450	\$	51,600	\$ 16,983	\$ 4,502,641
Expenditures				, ,				
Employee compensation	19,403	-		26,334		12,673	_	1,321,490
Employee benefits	10,559	-		5,377		970	_	589,104
Purchased professional and technical services	-	-		93,000		-	_	744,011
Other purchased services	-	-		-		11,957	-	91,473
Purchased property services	-	-		-		26,000	-	39,436
Supplies	-	-		-		-	-	553,703
Miscellaneous	-	-		4,739		-		170,902
Capital outlays	 -			_			16,983	1,038,535
Total Expenditures	29,962	-		129,450		51,600	16,983	4,548,654
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)								
Expenditures Before Other Financing Sources								
(Uses)	7 -7	5,000		-		-	-	(46,013)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in	_	-		_		-	_	-
Transfers out	_	 				_	 	
Net Changes in Fund Balances	-	5,000		-		-	-	(46,013)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		 					 	 820,100

Supplementary Information Nonmajor Debt Service Funds Combining Balance Sheet

	r Towns Debt vice Fund	Total Deb	t Service Funds
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 41,809	\$	41,809
Total Assets	\$ 41,809	\$	41,809
Liabilities Accounts payable	_		
Total Liabilities	-		_
Fund Balances Restricted	41,809		41,809
Total Fund Balances	41,809		41,809
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 41,809	\$	41,809

Supplementary Information Nonmajor Debt Service Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

	 ber Towns Debt ervice Fund	Total Del	ot Service Funds
Revenues		Y 1/2	
Contributions of participating Towns	\$ 816,564	\$	816,564
Intergovernmental	 1,632,570	<u> </u>	1,632,570
Total Revenues	 2,449,134		2,449,134
Expenditures			
Debt service:			
Principal	1,095,000		1,095,000
Interest	913,336		913,336
Total Expenditures	 2,008,336		2,008,336
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures Before Other Financing Sources (Uses)	440,798		440,798
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Transfers in	-		-
Transfers out	 (535,563)		(535,563)
Net Changes in Fund Balances	(94,765)		(94,765)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	 136,574		136,574
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 41,809	\$	41,809

Supplementary Information Nonmajor Capital Project Funds Combining Balance Sheets June 30, 2023

	Capital Projects Housing Aid		Mem Cor	tal Projects aber Towns atribution		A Capital		Total
	-	Fund		Fund		Project Fund		Total
Assets					*			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,365,706	\$	1,246,120	\$	37,972	\$	2,649,798
Total Assets	\$	1,365,706	\$	1,246,120	\$	37,972	\$	2,649,798
Liabilities		•						
Accounts payable		2,935		1,717				4,652
Total Liabilities		2,935		1,717				4,652
Fund Balances								
Restricted		_		_		37,972		37,972
Unassigned		1,362,771		1,244,403		- · • · · -		2,607,174
					-			· · · · ·
Total Fund Balances		1,362,771		1,244,403		37,972		2,645,146
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	1,365,706	\$	1,246,120	\$	37,972	\$	2,649,798

Supplementary Information

Nonmajor Capital Project Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Capital Projects Housing Aid Fund	Capital Projects Member Towns Contribution Fund	CALA Capital Project Fund	Total
Revenues				
Intergovernmental	\$ 511,526	\$ -	\$	\$ 511,526
Total Revenues	511,526		-	511,526
Expenditures		*		
Capital outlays	335,109	278,408		613,517
Total Expenditures	335,109	278,408		613,517
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures Before Other Financing Sources (Uses)	176,417	(278,408)	-	(101,991)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	-	-	-	-
Transfers out	-	-	-	
Net Changes in Fund Balances	176,417	(278,408)	-	(101,991)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	1,186,354	1,522,811	37,972	2,747,137
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 1,362,771	\$ 1,244,403	\$ 37,972	\$ 2,645,146

Supplementary Information Nonmajor Proprietary Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2023

	U	nt School emedial	Adult Education Program		Adult Continuing Education		Athletics		CTC Program		Before School Program		Pr	Total onmajor oprietary Funds
Assets Cash	_\$	29,441	\$	97,858	\$	9,512	\$	10,437	\$	27,418	\$	29,343	\$	204,009
Total Assets	\$	29,441	\$	97,858	\$	9,512	\$	10,437	\$	27,418	\$	29,343	\$	204,009
Liabilities Accounts Payable		<u>-</u>			_			1,139						1,139
Total Liabilities			_	<u>-</u>				1,139						1,139
Net Position Unrestricted		29,441	5	97,858		9,512		9,298		27,418		29,343		202,870
Total Net Position	\$	29,441	\$	97,858	\$	9,512	\$	9,298	\$	27,418	\$	29,343	\$	202,870

Supplementary Information

Nonmajor Proprietary Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position For the Year June 30, 2023

	Night School Remedial	Adult Education Program	Adult Continuing Education	Athletics	CTC Program	Before School Program	Total Nonmajor Proprietary Funds
Operating Revenue							
Charges for usage and services	\$ -	\$ 26,350	\$ -	\$ 28,403	\$ 19,469	\$ 29,343	\$ 103,565
Total Operating Revenue		26,350		28,403	19,469	29,343	103,565
Expenses							
Instructions	2,560	24,380		-	-	-	26,940
Operations	-	-	-	20,133	20,000	-	40,133
Fringe Benefits	196	1,847	-				2,043
Total Operating Expenses	2,756	26,227	_	20,133	20,000		69,116
Change in Net Position	(2,756)	123	-	8,270	(531)	29,343	34,449
Net Position - Beginning of Year	32,197	97,735	9,512	1,028	27,949		168,421
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 29,441	\$ 97,858	\$ 9,512	\$ 9,298	\$ 27,418	\$ 29,343	\$ 202,870

Supplementary Information Nonmajor Proprietary Funds Combining Statement of Cash Flows For the Year June 30, 2023

	Night School Remedial				Adult Continuing Education		Athletics		CTC Program		Before School Program		No Pro	Total onmajor oprietary Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activites														
Cash received from customers	\$	-	\$	26,350	\$	-	\$	28,403	\$	19,469	\$	29,343	\$	103,565
Cash paid to employees		(2,756)		(26,227)		-		(19,074)		(20,000)		-		(68,057)
Cash paid to suppliers		(2.75.0)		102				- 0.220		(521)		20.242		25.500
Net Cash (Used in) Provided by Operating Activities		(2,756)		123	-			9,329		(531)		29,343		35,508
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activites							\rightarrow							
Advances (to) from other funds		1,211		(14,701)		6,997		-		(20,450)		(30,200)		(57,143)
Net Cash (Used in) Provided by Noncapital Fiancing Activities		1,211		(14,701)	_	6,997	•	-		(20,450)		(30,200)		(57,143)
Net (Decrease) Increase in Cash		(1,545)		(14,578)		6,997		9,329		(20,981)		(857)		(21,635)
Cash - Beginning of Year		30,986		112,436		2,515		1,108		48,399		30,200		225,644
Cash - End of Year	\$	29,441	\$	97,858	\$	9,512	\$	10,437	\$	27,418	\$	29,343	\$	204,009
Reconcilation of Changes in Net Position in														
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities														
Changes in net position	\$	(2,756)	\$	123	\$	-	\$	8,270	\$	(531)	\$	29,343	\$	34,449
Adjustments to reconcile:								1.050						1.050
Increase (decrease) in accured expenses	\$	(2.75.0)	Φ.	123	<u> </u>		Ф.	1,059	Φ.	(521)	Φ.	20.242	Φ.	1,059
Net Cash (Used in) Provided by Operating Activites	3	(2,756)	\$	123	\$		\$	9,329	\$	(531)	\$	29,343	\$	35,508

June 30, 2023



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Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023



Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

REVENUE	Education Department
Current Year Levy Tax Collection	\$ -
Last Year's Levy Tax Collection	-
Prior Years Property Tax Collection	_
Interest & Penalty	_
PILOT & Tax Treaty (excluded from levy) Collection	-
Other Local Property Taxes	-
Licenses and Permits	-
Fines and Forfeitures	-
Investment Income	-
Departmental	-
Rescue Run Revenue	-
Police & Fire Detail	-
Other Local Non-Property Tax Revenues	2 220 700
Tuition	3,339,789
Impact Aid	276.064
Medicaid Federal Stabilization Funds	376,964
Federal Food Service Reimbursement	512.061
CDBG	513,961
COPS Grants	
SAFER Grants	
Other Federal Aid Funds	1,711,043
COVID - ESSER	1,351,114
COVID - CRF	1,551,114
COVID - CDBG	
COVID - FEM A	
COVID - Other	16,983
COVID - ARPA	81,769
MV Excise Tax Reimbursement	-
State PILOT Program	-
Distressed Community Relief Fund	-
Library Resource Aid	-
Library Construction Aid	-
Public Service Corporation Tax	-
Meals & Beverage Tax / Hotel Tax	-
LEA Aid	14,945,991
Group Home	-
Housing Aid Capital Projects	511,524
Housing Aid Bonded Debt	1,297,426
State Food Service Revenue	16,351
Incentive Aid	-
Property Revaluation Reimbursement	-
Other State Revenue	728,464
Motor Vehicle Phase Out	
Other Revenue	1,984,559
Local Appropriation for Education	
Regional Appropriation for Education	42,630,398
Supplemental Appropriation for Education	-
Regional Supplemental Appropriation for Education	-
Other Education Appropriation	-
Rounding Total Revenue	\$ 69,506,338
Financing Sources: Transfer from Capital Funds	\$ -
Financing Sources: Transfer from Other Funds	-
Financing Sources: Debt Proceeds	-
Financing Sources: Other	-
Rounding Total Other Financing Sources	- •
Total Other Financing Sources	\$ -

Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Tor the Tear Enaca June 50,		
	EXPENDITURES.	Education Department	
	Compensation- Group A	\$ 26,812,479	
	Compensation - Group B	3,665,185	
	Compensation - Group C	4,986,890	
	Compensation -Volunteer Overtime- Group A	-	
	Overtime - Group B	-	
	Overtime - Group C	207,716	
	Police & Fire Detail	4 622 024	
	Active Medical Insurance - Group A Active Medical Insurance- Group B	4,632,924 320,611	
	Active Medical Insurance- Group C	1,366,462	
	Active Dental insurance- Group A	201,689	
	Active Dental Insurance- Group B	16,034	
	Active Dental Insurance- Group C Payroll Taxes	66,751 2,656,948	
	Life Insurance	32,513	
	State Defined Contribution- Group A	161,995	
	State Defined Contribution - Group B	22,797	
	State Defined Contribution - Group C Other Benefits - Group A	45,923 289,907	
	Other Benefits- Group B	17,418	
	Other Benefits- Group C	39,281	
	Local Defined Benefit Pension- Group A		
	Local Defined Benefit Pension - Group B Local Defined Benefit Pension - Group C		
	State Defined Benefit Pension-Group A	4,021,659	
	State Defined Benefit Pension - Group B	468,394	
	State Defined Benefit Pension - Group C	556,704	
	Other Defined Benefit / Contribution	11,692,975	
	Purchased Services Materials/Supplies	1,672,013	
	Software Licenses	182,720	
	Capital Outlays	1,286,651	
	Insurance	266,022	
	Maintenance Vehicle Operations	335,699 2,450	
	Utilities	1,029,999	
	Contingency	-	
	Street Lighting	-	
	Revaluation Snow Removal-Raw Material & External Contracts	-	
	Trash Removal & Recycling	-	
	Claims & Settlements	-	
	Community Support	-	
	Other Operation Expenditures Tipping Fees	469,111	
	Local Appropriation for Education	-	
	Regional Appropriation for Education	-	
	Supplemental Appropriation for Education	-	
	Regional Supplemental Appropriation for Education Other Education Appropriation	-	
	Municipal Debt- Principal	-	
	Municipal Debt-Interest	-	
	School Debt-Principal	1,095,000	
	School Debt- Interest Retiree Medical Insurance- Total	913,336 10,424	
	Retiree Dental Insurance- Total		
	OPEB Contribution- Total	-	
	Rounding		
1	Total Expenditures	\$ 69,546,677	
	Total Experiences	ψ 02,540,077	
	Financing Uses: Transfer to Capital Funds	\$ -	
	Financing Uses: Transfer to Other Funds Financing Uses: Payment to Bond Escrow Agent	-	
	Financing Uses: Other	-	
	Total Other Financing Uses	\$ -	
	Net Change in Fund Balance ¹	(40,339)	
	Fund Balance1 - beginning of year	\$18,854,592	
	Funds removed from Reportable Government Services (RGS) Funds added to Reportable Government Services (RGS)	-	
	Prior period adjustments	-	
	Misc. Adjustment	(2)	
	Fund Balance ¹ - beginning of year adjusted	18,854,590	
	Rounding	-	
	Fund Balance ¹ - end of year	\$ 18,814,251	

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ and Net Position if Enterprise Fund activity is included in the transparency portal report.

Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Per Audited Fund Financial Statements	Total		Total Fina		Total Other Financing Sources		Total	Total Other Financing	Net Change in Fund Balance ¹		Beginning Fund Fund Balance ¹	Prior Period		tated Beginning Fund Balance ¹ (Deficit)	Ending Fund Balance ¹
Fund Description		Revenue	S	ources	Expenditures	Uses	Balanc	ce-	(Deficit)	Adjustment		(Deficit)	(Deficit)		
Fund Balance1 - per MTP-2 at June 30, 2022 adjusted								\$	18,854,592	-	\$	18,854,592			
Miscellaneous adjustment(s) made for fiscal 2023								_	(2) -		(2)			
Fund Balance ¹ - per MTP-2 at June 30, 2023 adjusted								\$	18,854,590	\$ -	\$	18,854,590			
								_							
School Unrestricted Fund	\$	63,922,768	\$	- \$	64,374,383 \$	-	\$ (45	(1,615) \$			\$	8,403,217 \$	7,951,602		
Debt Service Bond Sinking Fund		95,419		535,563	-	-		0,982	6,062,591			6,062,591	6,693,573		
Non Major Governmental Funds		7,463,301		-	7,170,507	535,563		12,769)	3,703,811			3,703,811	3,461,042		
Enterprise Funds		1,219,408		-	1,197,695	-	2	21,713	694,243			694,243	715,956		
Totals per audited financial statements	\$	72,700,896	\$	535,563 \$	72,742,585 \$	535,563	\$ (4	1,689) \$	18,863,862	\$ -	\$	18,863,862 \$	18,822,173		
Reconciliation from financial statements to MTP2															
Transfers from School Unrestricted Fund to Debt Service and Non Major Govt Fund	\$		\$	(535,563)		(535,563)		- \$		· \$ -	\$	- \$			
State contributions on behalf of teacher pensions are reported as revenue and	Ф	-	Ф	(333,303)		(333,303)	3	- p	-	·	Ф	- 3	-		
expenditures on financial statements only		(3,178,132)		_	(3,178,132)	V.		_	_			_	_		
Depreciation Expense not recorded		-			(1,350)	-		1,350	(9,272) -		(9,272)	(7,922)		
Indirect Cost Revenue Gen Fund		(16,426)			(16,426)	_		-	•			-	-		
Rounding		-			=	-		-				-	=		
Totals Per MTP2	\$	69,506,338	s	. s	69,546,677 \$	_	\$ (4	10,339) \$	18,854,590	r _s	\$	18,854,590 \$	18,814,251		
		,,			33,013,011 1		+ (.		20,00 ,000		-	20,00 ,000 4	,,		
Reconciliation from MIP2 to UCOA	_														
Appropriation of General Fund Fund Balance	\$	2,068,975			-										
Miscellaneous variance between MTP2 and UCOA	_	(3)	. (_	2										
Total per UCOA Validated Totals Report 11-29-23	\$	71,575,310		\$	69,546,679										
•				_	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,										

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ and Net Position if Enterprise Fund activity is included in the transparency portal report.

Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2)

Notes to Other Supplemental Information

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 1 – Basis of Presentation

The Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2) is a supplemental schedule required by the State of Rhode Island General Laws 45-12-22.2 and 44-35-10. This supplementary schedule included within the audit report is part of a broader project to create a municipal transparency portal (MTP) website to host municipal financial information in a centralized location.

The format of the *Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2)* was prescribed by the State Department of Revenue (Division of Municipal Finance), Office of the Auditor General, and the Department of Education.

Note 2 – Reportable Government Services

Data consistency and comparability are among the key objectives of the State's Municipal Transparency portal. Consistent with that goal, the State has defined "reportable government services", RGS, to include those operational revenues, expenditures, and transfers related to activities which are essential to the achievement of municipal operations. The determination of RGS may be different from the activities included within the legally adopted budget of the municipality. In practice, some communities report certain RGS in separate funds (e.g., special revenue funds, enterprise funds) rather than the municipality's general fund. The *Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2)* includes a reconciliation to the fund level statements.

Note 3 – Allocations

The State reporting requires expenditures to be reported by departments, as defined by the State. Some of the departmental groupings are not consistent with the departments reflected in the District's budget and accounting system. To report these costs, the District made allocations of costs to the State's departmental groupings based on a reasonable basis.

Note 4 – Employee Groups - Compensation and Benefit Costs

Compensation includes salaries, longevity, stipends, clothing allowance/maintenance, shift differential, out-of-rank, holiday pay and bonuses.

For Public Safety departments (i.e., police, fire, and centralized dispatch) and the Education Department, compensation and most benefits costs are reported in the following employee groupings:

Note 4 – Employee Groups - Compensation and Benefit Costs (Continued)

Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2)

Notes to Other Supplemental Information

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Group A: This group consists of employees who serve the primary function of the department.

- Police Department police officers (e.g., uniform personnel including, leadership positions)
- Fire Department fire fighters (e.g., uniform personnel including, leadership positions)
- Centralized Dispatch Department civilian dispatchers only
- Education Department professional staff providing direct services to students
- For the remaining departments all employees' compensation and benefits are reported under Group A

Group B: For Police and Fire Departments, compensation and benefits paid to its administrative employees and civilian dispatch employees are reported under Group B. The Education Department reports compensation and benefits paid to executive/mid-level educational administration employees under Group B.

Group C: This group is only used for the Education Department and it includes administrative and support staff.

Other post-employment benefits (OPEB) are not reported by employee groups on the MTP2. They are reported in total as either (1) contributions to a qualified OPEB trust or (2) the amount paid for medical and dental insurance for retirees when an OPEB trust fund has not been established. The detail employee group information for the Education Department can be found on the State's Municipal Transparency portal website.

Note 5 – Education Revenue and Expenditures

The revenues and expenditures presented on the MTP2 under the Education Department is consistent with existing Uniform Chart of Accounts (UCOA) guidelines. Each MTP account code has been mapped to the corresponding UCOA code or group of UCOA codes to facilitate the preparation of the MTP reporting.

Additional guidance and definitions regarding the State's Municipal Transparency Portal can be found on the State Division of Municipal Finance website: http://www.municipalfinance.ri.gov/.

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Independent Auditors' Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

The Honorable Members of the School Committee Chariho Regional School District, Rhode Island

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Chariho Regional School District, Rhode Island (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November XX,2023.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Chariho Regional School District, Rhode Island's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Chariho Regional School District, Rhode Island's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Hague, Sahady & Co., CPAs, P.C.

Fall River, Massachusetts December 4, 2023